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Think of the Dixi Ross Store. Always the finest of the season here, domestic and foreign, sold when at its best at right price:

Sweet Potatoes, 3 lbs.....	25c	Egg Plant, each	10c and 15c
Vegetable Marrow each 10c and	15c	Cucumbers, each, 5c, 10c and 15c	
Tomatoes, per lb.....	20c	Tomatoes, per lb.....	20c
Green Beans, per lb.....	10c	Green Corn, per dozen.....	35c
Wax Beans, per lb.....	10c	Cauliflower, each	15c
Green Peas, 3 lbs.....	25c	Bell Peppers, per lb.....	15c
Young Carrots, per lb.....	10c	Celery, each	15c
Lettuce, each	5c	Water Cress, per bunch.....	5c
		Cabbage, per lb.....	3c

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BIG SHOE SALE

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Special Announcement to You

McCandless Bros. & Cathcart

555 Johnson Street, Victoria

Your Shoes will be right if you get them here.

ANNUAL BANQUET OF

The U.S. Customs Inspectors

OF THE

Port of New York

at the

HOTEL SAVOY

January 25th, 1908.

MENU

Oyster Cocktail
Claret, Cream of Asparagus, Pastrana
Olives, Radishes, Celery, Salted Almonds
Croustade of Fresh Mushrooms, Chantilly
Sauterne, Planked Sea Trout a la Maitre D'Hotel, Cucumbers
Fillet of Beef, Richlieu
Brussels Sprouts Saute, Bermuda Potatoes
Sweet Breads with Green Peas
Sorbet Chateau Montrose
Squab en Casserole au jus
Salad Panachee
Frozen Nesselrode Pudding
Assorted Fancy Cakes, Fruits, Cheese
Cafe

G. H. MUMM &
CO'S EXTRA
DRY.

CIGARS, FONSECA, DE LUZE

WHITE ROCK.

Hotel Savoy, New York
January Twenty-fifth,
1908

WANT PRESIDENT FOR ARBITRATOR

Movement in Montreal to Have
Sir Thomas Settle the
Strike

NEW MEN IN ANGUS SHOPS

Officials Say That Work of
Building and Repair Pro-
gresses

Montreal, Aug. 12.—A movement is
on foot here to make Sir Thomas
Shaughnessy, president of the C.P.R.,
sole arbitrator between the striking
mechanics and the company. Much
satisfaction is expressed over the new
aspect of affairs.

There are 1,800 men now employed
at the Angus shops, taking the places
of those who have been on strike
since last Wednesday. "We haven't
got all the men necessary," said Mr.
Vaughan, assistant to the vice-presi-
dent, "but we are getting along very
well."

"We're doing pretty well," said Lacy
Johnson, superintendent of the shops.
"We turned out one engine on Saturday,
we got out three on Monday, and
we hope to get out another today."

Toronto, Aug. 12.—About 200 men
are now at work in the West Toronto
shops of the C.P.R., and 20 more are
waiting to be taken on.

North Bay, Aug. 12.—A mass meet-
ing of citizens was held here to ask
the government to step into the breach
and bring the C.P.R. company and the
striking mechanics together.

Harvesters From P. E. I.
Charlottetown, P. E. I., Aug. 12.—
Eleven hundred harvesters left last
night for western Canada.

Owen Sound Laborer Killed.

Owen Sound, Ont., Aug. 12.—Thos.
Hyslop, a laborer, was killed yester-
day by falling into the hold of the
steamer D. C. Whitney.

Insurance Rates.

Toronto, Aug. 12.—Several leading
insurance men of the city say no in-
crease in fire insurance rates is likely
to follow the Fernie fire without the
sanction of the board of underwriters
for British Columbia.

John M. Rosamond Drowned
Almonte, Ont., Aug. 12.—John M.
Rosamond, manager of the Almonte
Knitting company, son of Bennett
Rosamond, ex-M. P., was drowned in
the Mississippi river last night. How
the accident happened is not known.

Edmonton and Strathcona

Edmonton, Alta., Aug. 12.—The union
of Edmonton and Strathcona is at
last in sight. In the council this even-
ing Ald. Lee gave notice of a resolu-
tion which contemplates the dis-
solution of the feasibility of union by
committees of both cities, with a view
of submitting a plan of union which
may prove satisfactory to the rate-
payers.

Lord Roberts PLEASED

Canadian Troops Acquitted Themselves
Creditably at Quebec Tercentenary
Celebration

Ottawa, Aug. 12.—In his report to
the King on the review of troops dur-
ing the Quebec centenary celebra-
tion, Lord Roberts says the troops
looked well and he was very much
impressed with the precision, order
and organization generally. There
were, he says, about 12,000 men under
arms, and there was no hitch any-
where. "Canada," he adds, "appears
to me to be dealing adequately with
the problems affecting her militia,
and with care and improved organiza-
tion to be building up a very useful
force."

NEWS SUMMARY

- Page
1—Prairie crops. China's trou-
bles. C. P. R. strike.
2—Again urges claims of Chi-
nese scholars. French nob-
lemen here from Quebec.
Local and general news.
3—Victoria Flower show scene
of beauty. Letters to the
editor. Amusements. Gen-
eral news.
4—Editorial.
5—Note and comment. Forty
years ago. About people.
British opinion. Arrivals at
the city hotels.
6—Conservative picnic will be
huge success. Submit ques-
tions to the full court. R.
L. Drury back from the Orient.
Obituary notices. The
weather. Local news.
7—Charles Bury Bratton se-
cures his freedom. Jury
finds Indian woman died of
natural causes. White was
old hand in career of crime.
Charges of fraud are made
in chambers. Splendid shoot-
ing by Fifth regiment. Lo-
cal news.
8—in woman's realm. Social
and personal.
9—Sporting news.
10—Marine news.
11—Mainland news.
12—Real estate advertisements.
13—Real estate advertisements.
14—Classified want ads and real
estate advertisements.
15—Personal mention. Another
wing for Empress hotel. Fi-
nancial and commercial. The
local markets. General news.
16—David Spencer Limited's ad.

HARVESTERS FOR WEST.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 11.—Between
3,000 and 3,500 harvesters left here
tonight for western Canada. There
were eight trains.

Gunner Killed.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 11.—Frederick
Harvey, gunner in No. 1 battery, Third
regiment, Canadian artillery, on the
way to camp at Petewawa, Ont., was
run over and killed by the Ocean Lim-
ited at Cedar Falls, Que.

Judge of Exchequer Court.

Ottawa, Aug. 12.—Sir Thomas Tay-
lor, formerly chief justice of Mani-
toba, will act as judge of the ex-
chequer court of Canada while Mr.
Justice Cassels is inquiring into the
affairs of the marine department
during September and October.

Collision at Charlotte.

Toronto, Aug. 12.—The steamer
Kingston, of the Richelieu and Ontario
Navigation company, which col-
lided with and sank the steamer
Titania in Charlotte, N. Y., harbor
last night, arrived here about an hour
late this morning. Captain, E. S.
Ford, of the Kingston, says that either
Capt. Thorp, of the Titania, lost his
head, or his steering gear went
wrong. The lighthouse lamps were
burning and the moon shining brightly,
so that Thorp could not have
failed to see the Kingston.

SUCCESSFUL FLIGHT WITH HIS AEROPLANE

Wilbur Wright Goes Higher and
Stays Up in the Air Longer

Le Mans, France, Aug. 12.—Wilbur
Wright made a splendid flight with
his aeroplane here this morning,
circling the field five times and re-
maining in the air six minutes and
50-2 seconds. The flight was un-
dulating throughout, with the highest
level 90 feet. Among the spectators
was M. Kappeler, the engineer of the
dirigible balloon Ville de Paris.

The flight was timed officially by
the aero club of the department of the
Sarthe.

The wind was blowing at the rate
of ten miles an hour, the greatest
velocity since the experiments were
begun. The height attained by Mr.
Wright is considered remarkable and
the experts were unanimous in the
opinion that the American aeronaut
had demonstrated even a greater de-
gree of skill in the directing of his
machine than in the previous trials.

Again this evening Mr. Wright
came out with his machine and made
two short flights under the most fa-
vorable conditions. The wind, which had
helped him in the morning trial,
became firm and gusty and the owner
of the aeroplane decided not to
attempt to raise high. He sailed
around close to the ground, but with the
same perfect skill as in the previous
attempt.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Capt. Baldwin
made the first official speed trial
of his military dirigible balloon be-
fore the army board at Fort Mercer
today. When within about a mile of
the finishing line, a secondary wire
connecting the coil of the engine with
the communicator broke and the
motor stopped. The airship was
brought down in a cornfield, and after Mr. Curtiss repaired the motor the
flight was continued.

The accident prevented any possi-
bility of making the speed required by
the contract, but Capt. Baldwin has
more trials in which to demonstrate
his speed.

CANADIAN CROPS

Bulletin Issued By Census Bureau
Shows That Condition Was
Lowered By Drought

Ottawa, Aug. 12.—A bulletin issued
by the census and statistics bureau
says the heat and drought of July
lowered the condition of field crops all
over the Dominion, but less in Ontario
and Alberta than elsewhere, be-
cause the ripening season in those
provinces has been earlier.

Measured on the basis of 100 for
standard condition, being a full crop
of good quality, wheat fell during the
month from \$4 to 76, oats from 90 to
81, barley 83 to 89, rye 92 to 78, peas
82 to 79, mixed grains 84 to 81, hay
and clover 87 to 82. Beans alone have
not deteriorated, their condition being
85 per cent. Other crops show condition
for the end of July, of 78 for potatos,
74 for turnips, 73 for sugar
beets, 73 for other roots, 77 for husk-
ing corn and 83 for older corn.

Estimates of the wheat crop of
Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta
are placed at 110,544,000 bushels.

The condition of cattle has been
uniformly lowered in every province
as a result of the dry weather, but
animals of every class are reported in
a healthy state.

Tammany Hall's Stand

New York, Aug. 12.—Tammany Hall
tonight, through its executive committee,
took action looking to active
prosecution of the political campaign
in behalf of the Democratic party in
this city, and gave the organization's
formal endorsement to the Democratic
national ticket.

Sovereign Great Priory

Toronto, Aug. 12.—About three hun-
dred Sir Knights arrived in this city
this morning for the 25th Sovereign
Great Priory. This afternoon a recep-
tion was tendered the delegates at the
King Edward hotel. This evening
local members tendered the visitors
a sail on the lake.

Struck by Grand Trunk Train.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 12.—A Grand
Trunk railway freight train collided
with a Morose avenue line car at 2
o'clock this afternoon at the city line
road, cutting the car in two. Six
people were injured, as follows: John
St. John, conductor; Wm. Newman,
motorman; W. A. Berg, Henry B.
Shantz, L. Frank Perzeg, F. Schroeder.
They were sent to St. Mary's hospital,
where the surgeons said none were
fatally hurt.

CHINA'S TROUBLE IS INCREASING

Another Seizure of Rifles and
Ammunition Imported
From Japan

SIMILAR TO TATSU MARU

A Thousand Chinese Soldiers
Mutiny and Join the
Rebels

London, Aug. 12.—Another cloud has
arisen between China and Japan, ac-
cording to a special despatch received
here from Hongkong, owing to the
seizure at Chin Chou by the Chinese
authorities of a steamer having on
board 10,000 rifles and two million
cartridges.

Japanese merchants have protested,
claiming that this cargo belongs to them
and threaten to make another inter-
national incident of the seizure.

The seizure is similar to that of the
Tatsu Maru.

Soldiers Mutiny

Hongkong, Aug. 12.—One thousand
soldiers stationed at Kong Hu, near
Wu Chow, mutinied

THE IDEAL KITCHEN



Summer or winter is unquestionably the one which contains a good

GAS RANGE

The economy, the efficiency, the cleanliness of Gas for cooking purposes are points that appeal forcibly to every up-to-date housewife.

Shall we install one for you? Grand values just now in Stoves and Ranges

Victoria Gas Co. Ltd., Cor. Fort and Langley Sts.

Come and See My Delicious Island Fruit

Peach, Plums and Grimes' Golden Drops for Preserving. Per crate	\$1.15
to	
Per Basket	30c, 35c and 40c
Island Apples, splendid fruit, to look is to buy, per box	\$1.50 and
Pineapples, each 25c and	35c
Apricots, per basket	50c
Only a few left at these prices.	

W. O. WALLACE, The Family Cash Grocery

Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. Phone 312

Telephone 129

If you wish Your Baggage taken to and from the steamer or train.



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It tells the value of the Crimp in Washboards; the Features of the Ordinary Crimp, and the Features of the Better Crimp.

And it tells the Kind of Crimp—that is the better Crimp—AND WHY.

If You are Interested, a Post-card will bring this Bright Little "Eye-Opener" to you At Once.

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AGAIN URGES CLAIMS OF CHINESE SCHOLARS

Old Matter Once More Brought to Attention of School Board

Once again the question of the Chinese in the city schools was brought to the attention of the school board at last night's regular meeting by a lengthy communication from Hon. Fred. Peters, who in the past has acted as counsel for the parents of some of the Chinese boys who, by the action of the board, were at first debarred from attending the city schools. Subsequently the board agreed to allow such Chinese children as are native born the privilege of attending school. Mr. Peters contends that under this decision of the board there are a large number of Chinese children who are not allowed to attend school though their fathers are tax payers and he claims that the board is bound to provide accommodation for all children of school age resident in this city, no matter what their nationality may be. At the same time the Chinese would be willing that the old system should be reverted to, a separate teacher to be provided for the Chinese children.

What Orientals Want.

Mr. Peter's communication which was tabled until the return of the chairman of the board, Trustee George Jay, was as follows:

Dear Sir,—Referring to several conversations that we have had with regard to the question of Chinese boys, and in pursuance to my promise in that respect, I now beg leave to submit the following statement.

Prior to 1907, and I believe in the first part of 1907, it had been usual for Chinese boys in Victoria to be admitted to the public schools for education without any objection being raised on behalf of the board of school trustees. In 1907, between the month of May and the end of August, a number of Chinese boys, all of whom had arrived here from China during the period last mentioned made application for a permit to attend the primary schools in Victoria. Fifteen of them were refused admittance.

On the 30th of August, 1907, the board of school trustees for Victoria passed the following resolution, "that no pupils be admitted to the schools until they can so understand the English language as to be amenable to the ordinary regulations and school discipline." Before this resolution was passed, the late superintendent had promised me that he would let me know before the matter was considered by the board in order that I might have an opportunity of presenting the case verbally. It appears, however, that the meeting was called hurriedly, and I was therefore not allowed an opportunity of addressing the board before the resolution had been passed.

On the 4th of September, 1907, I wrote to the superintendent a letter fully setting forth the case we contend for, and I was afterwards allowed an opportunity of addressing the board upon the question. I may further state that I was informed by the late Mr. Eaton that if the boys in question were to attend some private school and there learn some English they would be in all probability admitted to the schools in January, then next.

You will no doubt find on file my letter of the 4th of September.

An action was brought in the name of one of the boys, which failed on certain grounds, which were, first, that the boy's father had gone to reside at Chilliwack after the action commenced, and second, that under the statute we should appeal to the council of public instruction.

Takes Another Ground.

In pursuance of the understanding with Mr. Eaton that the boys would be admitted in January, 1908, if they attended private schools (which they did), an application was again made for the admission of the boys who had formerly been refused. On this action a new ground was taken, and on the 8th of January, 1908, a resolution was passed by the board as follows:

The chairman reports that about twenty-seven Chinese children have applied for admission to the schools. On motion of Trustee Lewis, seconded by Trustee McKeown, permits are to be issued to the native born children.

Under this resolution it will be seen that a very considerable number of Chinese children whose fathers reside in Victoria and who are liable for the taxes, out of which school expenses are paid, are not allowed to attend the public schools.

Our contention is that under the school act the board of trustees are bound to provide accommodation for all children within school age resident in Victoria, no matter what their nationality may be. I was given to understand by the secretary of the board after Mr. Eaton's death that some arrangement would be made when the trustees were put in funds by the sale of the debentures authorized by the last by-laws passed by the people, but the matter has dragged on and nothing of a definite nature has been done.

A few years ago the school board provided a separate teacher for Chinese students and although the Chinese would rather be allowed to attend the ordinary schools, at the same time we signified that in providing the old system we requested to have a separate school and a separate teacher were provided for the Chinese. I sincerely hope that this whole matter will resolve your immediate consideration. It is obviously an injustice that taxes should be taken from the Chinese and that their children should not receive the same benefits as those of any other people.

Complains of Distinction Drawn.

There is absolutely no reason for the distinction between native born Chinese children and children born in China; the test is and should be, whether or not any particular child is resident in Victoria. I may also further point out that the statute not only makes it compulsory for the school trustees to provide education for all children, but it makes the father or guardian of any child liable to be punished if he does not send his children to school. The best solution of the whole question seems to me to be, the appointment of a separate teacher for the Chinese.

It seems to us that this is a matter that should be amicably arranged. It would be a great pity if further litigation is to be engaged in. It will be apparent to you that if the last ruling of the board of school trustees is adhered to, we will be driven to take further proceedings in the courts, and this time no doubt, it will go to higher courts of appeal.

Later in the meeting when the question of the allotment of teachers to the various schools was being considered Superintendent Paul pointed out that if the idea of setting aside the Rock Bay school for the Chinese and Japanese scholars was adopted, provision would have to be made for at

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least two teachers as the number of Orientals now attending the city schools was too many for one teacher. There are at present fifty-seven Chinese and four Japanese scholars attending school. He thought that in view of the small number of Japanese, and the fact that they come of the better class, it would not be necessary to change them, but it was pointed out by Trustee Christie that the board should make provision for two rooms being erected in the grounds and these might later on be used as quarters for the janitor. Trustee Christie strongly advocated that the board appeal to the ratepayers for a sum sufficient to make a substantial addition to the High School of from four to six rooms but it was pointed out that until something definite was done in regard to the question of the university such an extensive improvement is not advisable.

Objects to Union Jack.

Lengthy communications from the department of education were read, setting forth the regulations for the flying of the Union Jacks, which will be supplied to each school, and suggesting that at the opening of the schools this coming term appropriate exercises of a patriotic nature might be held on the occasion of the first flying of the flags. The expense of the flag poles will have to be borne by the board and the hope was expressed by the department that the board would have everything in readiness for the ceremony the beginning of the fall term.

Trustee Christie asked why the Union Jack had been chosen. He was strongly in favor of the Canadian flag and he moved that if necessary the board should purchase a sufficient number of Canadian flags. He failed to see why the Union Jack should be used in place of the Canadian flag. Acting Chairman Riddell stated that it would cost about \$200 for each pole of 110 feet in length, a cost which Trustee McNeill believed to be beyond the means of the disposal of the board. The offer of K. F. Wiggins, of Seattle, to paint each flag pole at a cost of \$4 per pole, was promptly turned down, and he will be informed that when the board feels the necessity of having this work done it will appoint some local man to do the work. Trustee McNeill pointed out that the Dominion and provincial governments and the Vancouver school boards have given work of this nature to Mr. Wiggins, and he was surprised that such had been the case when Canadians should have been given the work.

City Won't Pay Deficiency.
That the city does not consider that it is in any way called upon to make good the deficit in the amount realized by the sale of the debentures authorized under the school loan bylaw for \$70,000 by reason of the fact that the debentures sold at a discount thus realizing an amount considerably less than the face value of the debentures was the gist of a communication from Mayor Hall. This matter was brought up at the last annual meeting of the school board, when the trustees declared in no uncertain manner their intention of getting the full amount authorized under the bylaw and any deficiency would have to be made up by the city from the general revenue. This claim was submitted to the council which refused to entertain it, claiming that if the board desired to receive the full amount of \$70,000 it should have asked the city to put a bylaw before the ratepayers to authorize the issue of debentures of a sufficient amount to realize the \$70,000 after the discount had been provided for. Mayor Hall's letter read last night reiterates this stand taken by the council of the public instruction.

Trustee McNeill declared that the council's contention was simply out of the question, that the council fixed the rate of interest to be paid for the loan and if this rate had been made more attractive to investors there would not have been any difficulty in selling the bonds at their full value. It was preposterous to make the board suffer for some action of the council. He believed the board had the law on its side and that the council was in duty bound to give the board the full amount asked for. The matter will be referred to a committee consisting of the members of the board and will be taken up with the finance committee of the city council at an early date. It was pointed out that at several of the schools, particularly the North Ward school, repairs are imperative, but until the board knows what the council will do in this matter of funds these repairs cannot be made.

Victoria West Improvements.
Trustee Riddell, chairman of the buildings and grounds committee, reported that now that the old Victoria West building has been removed, it will be necessary to have the site filled in. This will necessitate the purchase of about 200 yards of filling and also gravel. The offer of Mr. Painter to furnish filling at one dollar a yard and gravel at \$1.50 per yard was accepted. The total cost of the work to be about \$300. Several trees along the roadway by the school which obscure the windows will also be removed.

The tender of Weller Bros. for desks was accepted at the following figures: 114 single desks at \$5.25 each; eighteen single seats at \$4.50; fifty double desks at \$6; eight double seats at \$4.75; fifty No. 4 double desks at \$6 and eight No. 4 double seats at \$4.75.

In order that a thorough consideration of the salary question which gave the board considerable worry last year, may be had when the question of salaries again comes up for consideration, the superintendent will be asked to submit a graduated scale of salaries and a committee consisting of the members of the board and the superintendent will consider the scale and report to the board. The superintendent submitted a report showing the proposed personnel of the staffs at the various city schools for the coming year. This was laid over until a subsequent meeting when it will be more fully gone into.

No More Permits.

Until a full report is obtained from the superintendent as to the number of non-residents attending the city schools no more permits allowing non-resident scholars to attend the schools here will be issued. Superintendent Paul stated that he had been asked to issue permits to three children from an outside school, the reason for their application being that in their own school they had evidently not received sufficient instruction as they had been plucked at the recent examinations and their parents desired that the children should be allowed to attend the city schools and get more thorough instruction. Trustee McNeill thought that it might be difficult to refuse permits to these applicants when other non-residents are being allowed to attend the city schools.

The need of more accommodation at the High School where, with the beginning of the new term, some thirty-

teen classes will have to be provided for, and where last year the accommodation had been so taken up that there was not sufficient room for the pupils and besides two classes in the assembly room the principal's room was used, was pointed out by Trustee McNeill who suggested that the board should make provision for two rooms being erected in the grounds and these might later on be used as quarters for the janitor. Trustee Christie strongly advocated that the board appeal to the ratepayers for a sum sufficient to make a substantial addition to the High School of from four to six rooms but it was pointed out that until something definite was done in regard to the question of the university such an extensive improvement is not advisable.

MEDICAL INSPECTION.

Dr. Wasson, medical inspector for the city schools, who was present at the meeting, stated that he understood that notice had been sent to all the school boards pointing out the necessity of vaccination, but Superintendent Paul said he had as yet received no such notice. Dr. Wasson explained that he had written to the Vancouver board and had received particulars of the regulations enforced there. Generally speaking the work of medical inspection was left wholly to the medical inspector. Dr. Wasson will be asked to formulate some plan of inspection and submit it to the board for consideration.

The question of the insurance of the two portable schools recently erected and the additions to the Kingston street school was referred to the finance committee for action.

In view of the fact that the agreement for the purchase of one of the new school sites has been arranged and the agreement signed but no payment made, Trustee McNeill suggested that the sum of \$500 be paid to the vendor to bind the bargain. The matter was referred to the committee which will take up the question of the debt question with the city council.

The request of J. W. Laing, head master of the Collegiate school, that he be allowed to use the manual training apparatus and room for the instruction of his pupils, he to pay all necessary expenditures, was laid over for the time being and will be considered later.

The request of the Trades and Labor Council that the board should insert into all contracts a provision that the schedule of wages adopted by the government should be paid, was also laid over for future consideration.

REQUEST REFUSED.

The request of Mr. Grimson, teacher of the commercial course, that he be allowed the use of the class room at the High School in the evenings for the instruction of pupils from whom he would obtain a small fee, was refused, the members of the board being of the opinion that it would not be right to allow school property to be used for private purposes of this nature.

Miss Sylvester was granted leave of absence till January 1, and Miss Ure was appointed to the Kingston street staff at a salary of \$50 per month. Miss Mary Sweet was appointed to the occasional staff at the salary formerly paid her.

The superintendent was instructed to advertise in a Vancouver paper as well as in the local dailies, for an assistant teacher for the Boys' Central and an assistant for the North Ward school.

Thanks for their appointment to the city teaching staff were received from J. R. Pollock, recently appointed principal of the South Park school, E. W. Clark, drawing instructor, H. J. Pollard, musical instructor and Anna Henry. Accounts to the amount of \$25.90 were passed. Those present at the meeting were Trustee Riddell, acting chairman in the absence of the chairman, George Jay, Trustees Bishop, Christie and McNeill.

French Noblemen

HERE FROM QUEBEC

Comte de Montcalm and Marquis de Lévis Mirepoix Are

Touring Continent

The Comte de Montcalm and the Marquis de Lévis Mirepoix spent part of yesterday in Victoria. They came from France to take part in the Quebec tercentenary and have seized the opportunity to make a hurried tour of the continent. They were much vexed that they should have managed to strike Victoria on the one wet for months, so that they were not able to see much of its beauty. They left yesterday afternoon for Seattle en route to California, intending to return east by way of the Yosemite and the Colorado canyon.

Both are quite young men, visiting Canada for the first time. They expressed themselves as delighted with their reception in this country and with what they had seen in Quebec. They were much impressed with the beauty and historical interest of the pageants which passed off without the slightest hitch. They said that it seemed as if the entire population of Quebec were there. The countrysides turned out in their thousands, an orderly and interested crowd.

The Comte de Montcalm was asked to attend as a descendant and representative of the family of the great French general who fell on the same battlefield with Wolfe. The marquis is the descendant of the Due de Lévis, who received his dukedom in 1784, largely as a reward for his services in Canada. He

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English Travelling Bags, large and small, first class London make, exceptionally strong and stylish. From, up \$5.00
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The Christmas term will commence Monday, September 7th, at 2:30 p.m.

Apply Head Master, Phone 62.

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On

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Consignments for this sale must be in no later than Thursday evening.

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LETTERS TO EDITOR

A New Municipality.

Sir — The editor of your newspaper by virtue of his historical knowledge, literary ability, and being the receptacle of the opinions of most of the wise men in the community on all subjects comes to be looked upon as the embodiment of all useful information. Contemplating an editor one is reminded of Goldsmith's village schoolmaster.

"They gazed and gazed And still the wonder grew That every boot and shoe Could carry all he knew."

I should like Mr. Editor to have your valuable opinion and the opinion of others as to the feasibility and desirability of forming a new municipality embracing Victoria West and part of the Esquimalt district. For instance take the part surrounded by the sea and the arm of the boundary. The idea would be to have a seat of government and a port with the view of material progress within that area. It must be admitted that while Victoria West and adjacent country possess the most advantageous possibilities they are in a painfully backward condition without much hope of improvement for some time to come.

There should be no insuperable objection to the formation of this new municipality on the part of the city proper or the Provincial government. The change could be made without a vibration in any quarter. It would be principally a matter of municipal bankruptcy with the view of material progress within that area. It must be admitted that while Victoria West and adjacent country possess the most advantageous possibilities they are in a painfully backward condition without much hope of improvement for some time to come.

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The Colonist.

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27 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

J. S. H. Matson, Managing Director.

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Thursday, August 13, 1908

LORD ROBERT'S VIEWS.

Field Marshal Lord Roberts addressed the veterans of the Ottawa valley on the occasion of his recent visit to the capital of the Dominion. It is not necessary to repeat his expressions of approval and satisfaction in regard to the things he saw in Canada. His views as to the duty of Canadians in a military way are more important. The key-note of what he said was that "it is absolutely essential for the safety and welfare of the nation that the whole male population should be prepared to take their share in its defence in times of danger." He said that the lesson taught by the history of all nations, from the time of Phoenicia to the decay of the eminence of the Netherlands, is that their fall was due to the fact that they had failed in this respect. We quote: "Flourishing and prosperous as these nations were, they fell an easy prey to those who coveted their riches, because they had neglected to take the most ordinary precautions, and refused to undergo personal sacrifices that were needed to ensure the security of their valuable possessions."

Lord Roberts thinks that military training should begin with boys and be carried out systematically between the ages of ten and eighteen, and he added something that the experience of all persons qualified to judge will bear out, namely that "the results of such training, the habits of order, obedience and punctuality the boys will be taught, will be of the greatest use to them in all the occupations of civil life." He is of the opinion that if this training were given boys, public opinion, seeing its advantages, would reach a point where it would demand that after the age of eighteen all able-bodied men would complete their military training so as to be able to do their part, whenever called upon for the protection of their country.

Of late years there has arisen in this country an idea that military service interferes with business, and the instances have been only too numerous in which employers have refused to countenance their employees in joining the various militia corps. Then there is an element in the community, which professes to regard the militia as a menace to popular liberty, as what they call a "capitalistic" organization, designed in some unexplained way to interfere with the working man. There is also a third class which professes to regard military training as conducive to blood-thirstiness, and likely to create a desire, on the part of those who have it, to look upon war as the right way of settling all international difficulties. A few general observations on this subject may not be untimely. Unhappily the millennium has not arrived and it does not appear to be anywhere in sight. Let us confine our brief consideration of the subject to the possibilities pertaining to the conditions likely to affect the western part of Canada.

The man must be self-deceived, or his powers of observation have not been advantageously exercised, who does not see the imminent danger, at a more or less remote date, of an armed collision between America and the Orient. It may arise from a variety of causes, but one of the principal of them will be the unwillingness, inability, if you will, of white labor to compete with yellow labor. Patched-up agreements, such as those embodied in the Anglo-Japanese treaty, may postpone the inevitable conflict of interests between the races, which confront each other from opposite sides of the ocean, but sooner or later racial instincts will assert themselves and the best laid plans of diplomats will be powerless to restrain them. We do not say that this assertion will necessarily lead to an armed conflict, but if we are to prevent such an issue, we must be prepared to defend ourselves against assault. The position of Western Canada, with practically no efficient military force, in the event of a serious conflict of interest with Japan or China, with millions of armed men, would be disastrously weak. We would hardly be in a position to take a firm stand, if to back it up we might be compelled to rely upon an armed force, for it is preposterous for us to rely solely upon the arms of Britain. That the Mother Country will always be prepared to come to our aid in the event of international difficulties arising, we may well believe, but surely we are not so mean-spirited as to trust to that source alone for our defence in an emergency. We are told daily that we must be prepared to face an influx of Orientals and, if need be, to resist it with force, and yet the same people

who are surest on this point are the most opposed to fitting themselves to bear arms for the defence of the country, to resist this possible invasion with the requisite force. We do not wish to enlarge upon this aspect of the case, because it is not our policy ever to treat subjects from the alarmist point of view; but as there never has been a racial contest, that did not at some stage call for the arbitration of the sword, so we fear that Canada must prepare for such an emergency in connection with what is called the awakening of the Orient. The probability that hostilities may never arise out of the conditions referred to, conditions that are ripening very fast to some climax or other, will surely not be lightened by the fact that the people of Canada are ready to a man to defend their country against all invaders.

There are other aspects of the case that we might discuss, but they are of less importance, it seems to us, than that presented above. The military element loves to talk about Canada being prepared to do her part in the Empire's wars, and we are not surprised if this method of presenting the case does not commend itself greatly to the popular mind. The military spirit of a people can be truly aroused by a consciousness that force may be required to resist force for the defence of their own country. Lord Roberts spoke in general terms only of the defence of the country. It would not have been wise for a field marshal of Great Britain to speak definitely of possible enemies. But those of us, who occupy much less distinguished positions, may do what he could not, and so we say to the people of British Columbia that, if they are to maintain their rights against an aggressive Orient, they cannot be too prompt to act upon the advice of Lord Roberts and prepare every able-bodied man to fight, if need be, for the defence of his country.

A WEST COAST ROAD.

The Colonist has been asked to say something in regard to the need of a road from the head of Ucluelet Arm to Clayoquot. We are not very well informed as to the nature of the country such road would traverse, but are told that it is not specially difficult.

The road would be very advantageous to residents of Clayoquot and vicinity, because it would enable them to reach Alberni without the necessity of going out upon the open ocean. From the head of Ucluelet Arm to the head of Alberni Canal is approximately forty miles, and the water route is well protected by islands, so that a small steamer could make the trip at any season of the year with no discomfort to its passengers. When the railway is extended to Alberni this would be the route that would be taken by all passengers and mails for Quatsino. It would also be used to some extent by the residents of Nootka Sound, although in their case a short run in the open sea would be unavoidable. It seems as if such a road is really essential for the proper development of the West Coast.

Another purpose which such a road would serve would be that it would make Long Beach accessible to tourists and others. Long Beach is one of the finest sand beaches in the world, and being exposed to the open ocean, it receives the impact of a tremendous surf. The sand is said to be beaten hard, and at low tide a wide expanse is left bare. The noise of the surf at all times is terrific, and during southwest storms is indescribable. There is little doubt that, when the railway reaches Alberni, a summer hotel at Long Beach would attract a good many people, provided there were some easy way of reaching it. Most people do not care very much about sailing up the West Coast. It is true that none of the steamers plying out of Victoria has ever come to grief on the coast, but Cape Beale has a bad name, perhaps a worse name than it deserves, and people as a rule prefer to avoid the West Coast trip, unless business compels them to take it. Moreover the class of vessels, which will necessarily monopolize the business of that coast for some years to come is not such as would invite pleasure travel. That we are on the verge of a tremendous discovery in this new field of human adventure can hardly be doubted.

The suggestion is advanced in some quarters in Canada that it is the duty of the Federal Government to see that the regrettable strike on the C. P. R. shall not be allowed to work disaster to the country through any failure to move the crops. If such an achievement can be accomplished in fairness to all parties, there would be every justification for the effort.

The Wright Brothers are said to have surpassed all previous successes in their latest aeroplane trials in France. A satisfactory feature of the situation in the present attempts at the conquest of the air is that there are many people engaged in the task. That we are on the verge of a tremendous discovery in this new field of human adventure can hardly be doubted.

The Mail and Empire devotes a leading editorial to the retirement of Mr. Brodeur from the ministry to take a position on the bench. This seems to indicate that the Toronto paper has good grounds for believing this step to be imminent. Mr. Brodeur has hardly been a success as Minister of Marine and Fisheries, quite apart from any question of maladministration of the details of his department, of which he may not have had knowledge.

Admiral of the Fleet Sir James E. Erskine, K. C. B., is revisiting Victoria, after a somewhat prolonged absence, having last been here in 1853. He will be welcomed as a quasi-prodigal son, though it must be confessed that it is somewhat surprising that he has so long been able to resist the charms of a place that impressed him away back in the fifties. We hope his present sojourn will be a long and pleasant one.

It is said that where the highest science of cultivation has been followed in certain parts of Manitoba the spring wheat crop has successfully resisted the effects of the prolonged drought. This suggests the hope that science will ultimately be able to overcome many of the disabilities attendant upon adverse weather conditions, which have always to be reckoned with and are always important factors in the wheat-growing provinces.

The public have always been led to believe that the relations between the Canadian Pacific and its employees were signally satisfactory. It was understood that the company treated its men well, and certainly its employees have always shown much loyalty to the company. The strike has occurred at what might under normal conditions have been a very unfortunate time, but seemingly the company is experiencing no great difficulty as yet in getting men to take the places of those who have gone out. Repeating that we do not feel in a position to say anything about the merits of the case, we nevertheless must say how greatly we regret that it has proved impossible for the open questions to be settled without the men going out. In the long run the men, their wives and families are the sufferers by such strikes, and in the long run the gain to them is a matter of doubt. These matters are rarely determined by the men themselves. Theoretically they are, but practically we know that a few leaders have them in their hands. It is not possible for such organizations to work in any other way, and even if strikes were only brought about when the majority of the men had given the subject involved their best consideration, it might easily be that in such things, as in very many others, the majority might be wrong. The point we wish to make is that the men may be really acting to their own disadvantage, although those who advise them may conscientiously believe otherwise. No one, not even leaders of organized labor, is infallible. Our sympathy goes out to the families of the strikers, who may not easily regain what their bread-winners have sacrificed for a principle, rightly or wrongly, we do not say. We do not like strikes, not because we do not like to see working men secure what is their just due, but because we think a strike an exceedingly clumsy weapon, which often hurts those who wield it more than those at whom it is aimed.

Mr. R. L. Drury's many friends welcome him home again. He has apparently not been much Japanned.

A correspondent, whose letter we print this morning, suggests that Esquimalt and Victoria West ought to unite and form an independent municipality. Colonist readers may be interested in this novel suggestion, whatever their views may be as to its wisdom.

It is said to be likely that W. W. McInnes will secure the Liberal nomination in Vancouver. In the opinion of the Conservatives, he will do as well as any other. Neither he nor any other candidate supporting his party will have the slightest chance of being elected, if the opinion of the Man in the Street is any criterion.

Mr. R. G. Macpherson, member of the House of Commons for Vancouver, is shortly to go to his reward. He is to administer the affairs of the Vancouver Post Office. Mr. Macpherson as a public man had his faults, but an indifference to the side on which his bread was buttered was not one of them.

All who can arrange to do so should visit the flower show being held under the auspices of Victoria Horticultural Society at the Drill Hall. Not only will everyone be repaid by witnessing one of the best displays ever attempted in this most favorably situated section of the province, but they will be lending well-deserved support to a very worthy organization.

The suggestion is advanced in some quarters in Canada that it is the duty of the Federal Government to see that the regrettable strike on the C. P. R. shall not be allowed to work disaster to the country through any failure to move the crops. If such an achievement can be accomplished in fairness to all parties, there would be every justification for the effort.

The Wright Brothers are said to have surpassed all previous successes in their latest aeroplane trials in France. A satisfactory feature of the situation in the present attempts at the conquest of the air is that there are many people engaged in the task. That we are on the verge of a tremendous discovery in this new field of human adventure can hardly be doubted.

The Mail and Empire devotes a leading editorial to the retirement of Mr. Brodeur from the ministry to take a position on the bench. This seems to indicate that the Toronto paper has good grounds for believing this step to be imminent. Mr. Brodeur has hardly been a success as Minister of Marine and Fisheries, quite apart from any question of maladministration of the details of his department, of which he may not have had knowledge.

Admiral of the Fleet Sir James E. Erskine, K. C. B., is revisiting Victoria, after a somewhat prolonged absence, having last been here in 1853. He will be welcomed as a quasi-prodigal son, though it must be confessed that it is somewhat surprising that he has so long been able to resist the charms of a place that impressed him away back in the fifties. We hope his present sojourn will be a long and pleasant one.

It is said that where the highest science of cultivation has been followed in certain parts of Manitoba the spring wheat crop has successfully resisted the effects of the prolonged drought. This suggests the hope that science will ultimately be able to overcome many of the disabilities attendant upon adverse weather conditions, which have always to be reckoned with and are always important factors in the wheat-growing provinces.

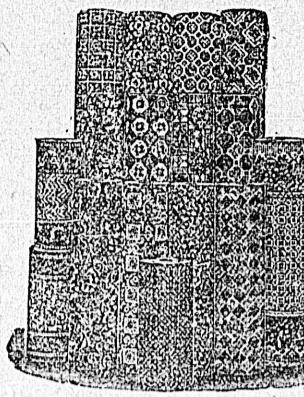
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The genuine Kensington Art Square is vastly superior to the many imitations offered—it is all wool, closely woven in beautiful art designs. You will find them most durable and inexpensive. Here are a few sizes and prices of our celebrated Kensington Art Squares:

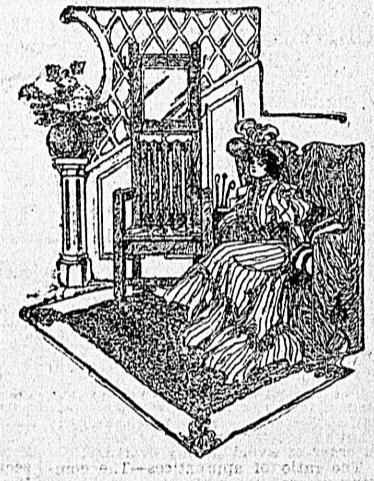
2½ yds. x 3 yds. \$11.00	3½ yds. x 4 yds. \$21.00
3 yds. x 3 yds. \$13.00	4 yds. x 4 yds. \$23.50
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3 yds. x 4 yds. \$17.50	4 yds. x 5 yds. \$29.00

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All to match same pattern.	
SIDEBOARD COVERS, drawn-work, 18 x 72, each	\$2.50
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TABLE CLOTHS, drawn-work, 2 yards by 3 yards, at each	\$5.00
TABLE CLOTHS, in above 3 sizes, hemstitched at \$5.00, \$6.50 and	\$8.00
TABLE AND TRAY CLOTHS, 1 yard by 1 yard, each \$2.00, down to	\$2.25 and
TABLE NAPKINS, 16 in. by 17 in., per dozen	\$1.50
HEMSTITCHED AND EMBROIDERED TEA CLOTH, very fine, 45 x 45 inches, at each.....	\$9.00
TABLE NAPKINS, 17 in. by 18 in., per dozen	\$1.75
LINEN DOYLIES, 4 1-4 inch round, dozen90c
TABLE NAPKINS, 18 in. by 20 in., per dozen	\$2.50

NOTE AND COMMENT

We had a reference the other day to the collapse of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Milling Co. We find the following in an exchange:

Perhaps the best idea of the importance of the Pillsbury-Washburn Co. in the world of milling is gathered when their possible output is reduced to bushels of wheat. Allowing 300 working days for their mill, they could, and in fact did, turn out 9,450,000 barrels of flour in some years. The usual average for a barrel of flour is four bushels of wheat. This would mean 33,800,000 bushels, or more than half of the whole wheat crop of western Canada last year.

The Ottawa Journal has the following pointed reference to certain phases of the political situation in British Columbia from a federal standpoint:

So far Messrs. Gallaher and Macpherson, of the solid Liberal delegation from British Columbia have declined to accept renomination in the Commons. Both are well liked in parliament.

Each in his way is a valuable man. Mr. Gallaher especially

has shown a more than ordinary fitness for public life. But a supporter of the present government has to swallow so hard that his epiglottis gets sore. And the mischief in the matter is that after all the swallowing, British Columbia is so dissatisfied with the performance that the Liberal who comes back will have to travel some.

The B. C. Mining Exchange, in the issue just to hand, has the following reference to the new policy inaugurated by the McBride government, of having its members pay frequent visits to the various districts throughout the province:

When the Hon. Mr. McBride and his colleagues assumed the reins of government in British Columbia in 1903, a radical change in this policy of indifference was at once inaugurated. Yearly visits of inspection were made to the different districts by the mining interests. After a period of five years it is possible to look back and say that the results of this course of action have been in every way most satisfactory. Much still remains to be done, but much has been accomplished and, as far as British Columbia is concerned, a final death-blow has been given to the old, lazy, village politician idea that a Cabinet Minister has no need to trouble himself to become personally acquainted with the various districts whose affairs he was paid to administer. The new policy has been everywhere productive of good, and, in saying this, we are not merely giving our own view, but are quoting the opinions of prominent men of all shades of politics, from all parts of the province, which have been personally expressed to the writer.

Apropos of the serious strike now in progress on the C.P.R., great interest attaches to the points in dispute between the company and the men. They are thus enumerated:

The overlapping of hours—The men want to work in three eight-hour shifts, 8-4, 4-12, 12-8; the company want to overlap an hour at each end, in order to avoid paying overtime.

The ratio of apprentices—The company wanted the ratio of one to three, the conciliation board finding it at one to four, and the men want it one to five.

The question of employing mechanists only to operate a drill press, where a boring or facing tool is required. The company want to employ either mechanists or machinists' helpers, as they please.

Classification of boiler makers—The board endorsed the contention of the C.P.R. that boiler makers should be classified as regards ability. The C.P.R. says this change will reduce the wages only 5 per cent. of the boiler makers, and the men say it will reduce the wages by 10 per cent.

The question of discussing grievances with the company—The men claim that the clause that the man charged with a fault who is found "entirely blameless" shall be paid for lost time is ambiguous.

The question of treating eastern and western lines together—The men object to rulings made in Winnipeg without any evidence from the employees in Montreal being binding in the east.

The Winnipeg Commercial, than which no paper in Western Canada is in a better position to "size up" the business outlook, has this to say in its latest issue:

This week's issue of The Commercial is a fair indication of improving conditions—desire on the part of eastern manufacturers to get early after the trade that is sure to come in a few weeks. Every day we hear of travelers getting busy with samples.

There is no doubt now that the crop will be the largest ever, and it is predicted that the price for grain will prevail during the coming season. The farmers will require an enormous quantity of supplies this fall. Owing to the conditions prevailing last season, they had to curtail expenses as much as possible. The result is that now with plenty of money in sight, they will provide themselves with merchandise other than that required to merely exist. Not only were the farmers forced to keep expenses at a minimum, but the retail merchants were obliged to keep their stocks very low, and now with prosperity cheering the farmers, and retail dealers stocking up the required supplies, it is easy to understand that the fall and winter seasons should be brisk. As far as the crop is concerned, it is not so much the question as to whether it will total 115,000,000 or 120,000,000 bushels, so much as the fact that it will anyway be larger than ever before, and that means a heavy income for the season's work on the western farms.

It is not denied that there is considerable indebtedness to be met by the western people, but conditions in that respect are certainly not as bad as some reports that recently appeared in some eastern papers would seem to indicate. As said already, and as pointed out in an article elsewhere in this issue, the people of the west have kept away from extravagance during the past year, and the demands made upon the retail dealer by the manufacturer and jobber compelled the country merchant to insist upon cash business to a greater extent than ever before. And it must not be imagined that the people of the west did not have the cash to buy their wants during the year, for although the crops were poor last fall, they brought unusually high prices, and their total value was estimated by many to be worth as much, if not more, than previous good crops. It was the general world-wide situation that affected things here, and not a decrease in crop value. That is evident from the fact that many farmers have recently been paying bills, and of course they have not yet received any returns from the present crop.

M. A. F.

FORTY YEARS AGO

The British Colonist, Thursday, August 13, 1868.

New Steps—The long-needed repairs to the steps at the intersection of Government and Humboldt streets have at last been effected, much to the satisfaction, safety and convenience of the public.

Inspection—The Admiral has inspected the Sparrowhawk preparatory to her being paid off, and has expressed himself as much satisfied with the state in which everything in connection with her has been found.

Educational—The board of education met yesterday at the residence of the chairman, Dr. Powell. Two additional teachers were appointed—one to Shanty Bay, one to Salt Spring Island. The settlers of these districts have long been bearing the cost of their schools, and it is time they received some aid from the public funds.

The Esquimalt Dock—His Excellency the Governor-General has received some correspondence from England relative to the construction of the much-talked-of dock at Esquimalt. We hear that a jointstock company has been formed with a capital of \$80,000 for the purpose of construction, and that the Imperial Government have contracted to guarantee at the rate of four per cent, which has been agreed to. We can't say in what particular time the work will be commenced, but it is believed that it will be at an early date. Some reports state that perhaps convict labor will be engaged in England. Be that as it may, though the general public would like to see local labor employed, the undertaking will be hailed with satisfaction by everyone in the colony.

ABOUT PEOPLE

Mr. Rupert Guinness, the Unionist candidate for Haggerston, is, says the London Globe, the eldest son of Lord Iveagh, and five years ago he married the eldest daughter of Lord Howick. In his younger days he is not very old now—he was a great oarsman, for he won the School Sculling at Eton in 1892, rowed in the Eton Eight which won the Ladies' Plate the next year, and has twice won the Diamond and once the Wingfield Sculls. He is commander of the London division of the Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve, and he has seen some war service. There are two titles held by different members of the Guinness family—Iveagh and Ardilaun—and there might possibly be a third, if any descendants of the original Viscount Magennis were ever able to establish their claim. In the public records of Ireland the name appears as Magennis, FlitzGuinness, McGuinness, Guiney, and Guineys, and in the parish register of Dublin, the transition from Magennis to McGuinness and then to Guinness is clearly traceable.

The claimant to the Fairfax peerage, Mr. Albert Kirby Fairfax, whose petition has been lodged with the House of Lords, was, says the Pall Mall Gazette, at one time a clerk in a New York banking house, and subsequently a broker on Wall Street. For generations the Fairfax lords have resided in America, the first to go there being the eighth Baron, a descendant of Sir Thomas Fairfax, the Governor-General of the Parliamentary forces at the period of the civil war. Should the committee for Privileges of the House of Lords report in favour of the claimant, the fact of his having an American domicile will add another to the list of foreigners among the peers of the realm. The Earl of Newburgh, whose name is Glustinianni-Bandini, is an Italian, living in Rome; Viscount Taaffe, an Irish peer, is a Bohemian; while Baron Aylmer is a Canadian.

Sir Arthur Morgan, who has been appointed Governor of Queensland, will, says the Pall Mall Gazette, be remembered as about the first Colonial to be selected for such an appointment. He may in fact be said to start with a record in this sense, though he has a pretty extensive record behind him. Two years ago he made him President of the Legislative Council of his native Queensland, which meant that he had filled all the other posts below, and had held with the Premiership the portfolios of Chief Secretary and Minister of Railways for a matter of three years. And, what, he is a journalist, editor, and proprietor, as was his father before him, of the Warwick Argus.

We are having a good many foreign visitors this year, but none, the London correspondent of the Manchester Guardian writes, will have the curious interest of some who are coming in September for the International Eucharistic Conference. It is quite likely that eight cardinals will be here—seven are almost certain. Chief of them will be the Legate, specially appointed by the Pope to preside over the Conference, Cardinal Vincent Vanutelli, one of the cardinal bishops of the Papal Curia. Never before, even in the days before the Reformation, have eight cardinals been in England together.

The New Almack's Club, which was recently much to the fore in connection with a legal action, is the smartest and most exclusive home of bridge in London. The chief purpose for which it was founded is its debt last summer to a dives. So great a fascination had it for the members that it was hard to believe that it would be overwhelmed and destroyed. It limited the stakes to a nominal amount. Like its ancestor, which was situated in King Street, St. James's, the New Almack's was founded essentially for play, and similarly its membership is jealously guarded by the collectivism of the hallor-box. Play at the old Almack's however, was of a very different character; according to Walpole, the young men of the age "lost ten, fifteen thousand pounds at a sitting." "Lord Stavordale," he wrote, "not yet over one-and-twenty, lost £11,000 there, but reversed it at one great hand at hazard." The rule was, that the stake should be in specie, and that no player should keep less than fifty guineas on the table in front of him. The glittering pile which was displayed frequently totalled more than £10,000. At the New Almack's, no impressive preparations are necessary before play begins; but at the old club a great deal of ceremony, not entirely devoid of the comic element, had first to be observed. Before they were ready for the fray, so to speak, the gamblers pulled off their embroidered clothes, or turned their coats inside out for luck. They put on cuffs made of leather to save their face ruffles; and to guard their eyes from the light, wore high-crowned straw hats, with broad brims. Masks also were worn by the players to conceal their emotions, as depicted in their faces.

BRITISH OPINION

Belfast Whig—The forthcoming meeting in Dublin of the British Association is the first that has been held in Ireland since that in Belfast in 1902. It has met in Ireland seven times, thrice in Dublin, thrice in Belfast and once in Cork. Next meeting will therefore be the eighth on this side of the Channel and the fourth in Dublin. That, as upon the occasions of its previous meetings in this country, the Association will have an Irish welcome need not for one moment be doubted. The preparations that are now being made in Dublin give ample assurance of this. The peculiar fatuous suggestion emanated some time ago from that coterie in Dublin which is always ready to sacrifice common sense in that hunt for notoriety that the Association should be boycotted because it happens to bear the name "British"—a designation which has the effect upon certain Irishmen of making them a real rag-horn on a bull. It did not come out what they believed the name to import. Something political evidently, else it is incredible that they would have counselled the boycott of the grey-haired savants who are coming to Ireland solely in the interests of that advancement of science to which the British Association is devoted. Certainly if the word "British" in this connection is to be taken as excluding Ireland it is a misnomer, inasmuch as many of the men whom the Association has been proud to count among its members have been and are Irishmen. A saner estimate of the situation takes account of the fact that these men and women of science will leave behind them in Ireland a good deal of English money towards which no party in Ireland, not even the most advanced section of the Sinn Fein party, has so far indicated any aversion. There is reason to hope, moreover, that from the visit Ireland will gain what is better than money—a quickened inspiration to the pursuit of that knowledge to which the British Association owns its sole allegiance. In a long article on the forthcoming meeting the Times refers to the previous meetings in Dublin. The first was in 1835, only four years after the founding of the Association in 1831, for thus early did it pay homage to the intellectual prestige of Dublin. The second was in 1857, and it is of special interest to recall that one of the lectures on that occasion was Professor W. Thomson, F.R.S., whose subject was "The Atlantic Telegraph." Even then William Thomson had been for ten years a member of the British Association, and at the Belfast meeting in 1852 he was for the first time president of the section of mathematics and physical science. Of Lord Kelvin and of his unique services to British science there will be much to say at the forthcoming meeting. His connection with the British Association was of the closest character from the time of his joining in 1847 until the meeting of last year at Leeds, in which he took an active part. This great Irishman was president at the Edinburgh meeting in 1871. The third Dublin meeting of the association was held in 1878, thirty years ago. On that occasion Professor Huxley, who presided over the meeting of the Anthropological Section, made a statement which on a strictly literal interpretation may be held to have been prophetic of the meeting of this year. Professor Huxley's declaration was:

"Whoever may be here thirty years hence—I certainly shall not be—but depend upon it whoever may be speaking at the meeting of this department of the British Association thirty years hence will find, I suppose, that the very paradoxes and horrors of evolution, things that are now thought to be going to shake the foundations of the world—will by that time have become parts of every day knowledge, and will be taught in our schools as accepted truth, and nobody will be one whit the worse."

A curious coincidence this, but nothing more. There is no reason whatever to think that Professor Huxley's "thirty years" was anything more than a general indication of a considerable period of time, and there is nothing to indicate that Dublin was present to his mind at all.

The forecast of the meeting published in the Times gives assurance that it will be of the highest interest. It is especially a happy circumstance that in this year of the sixtieth anniversary of the proclamation of the doctrine of natural selection the son of Charles Darwin should be president of the British Association. Professor Francis Darwin, professor of botany at Cambridge, is one of the foremost British men of science, who worthily maintains at the University where his father was educated the honor that belongs to an honored name. Professor Darwin's presidential address will deal with some of the problems with which biology has recently concerned itself, and it will no doubt dwell upon the valuable results that have been achieved by the use of the evolution theory in the region of scientific inquiry to which he has himself been devoted.

But of all the sections there are two which appeal especially to those who are unable to follow the discussions in the sections which involve a first-hand acquaintance with scientific methods. One of these is the economic, the other the educational section. Over the meetings of the economic section Mr. W. M. Ackworth, the railway expert, and member of the Irish Railway Commission, will preside. His membership of the Commission will undoubtedly debar him from saying much about Ireland in the course of a presidential address which will be largely devoted to railway history. Several subjects of infinite interest will be dealt with in this section. One paper that should be worth study in Ireland is that which Mr. J. G. Graham Brooks will deliver on the social side of agricultural co-operation.

A noteworthy departure is made this year in the shape of a sub-section devoted entirely to agricultural questions. It is a happy arrangement that over this section Sir Horace Plunkett will preside, and he will deliver an address which will deal with the movement in Ireland, of which Sir Horace has been the head and front. In this sub-section papers will be delivered on "Breeding and the Relations of Modern Theories of Heredity to the Problems to the stock-raiser" and on small holdings. In the educational section Professor L. C. Miall will preside, and will deliver an address, of which the suggestive and somewhat elusive title is "Useful Knowledge." Mr. T. P. Gill, secretary of the Department of Agriculture, will open the discussion on the place and method of inspection and examination of school work. In view of the stir that was made by Dr. Starkie's address at the Belfast meeting, it is of the highest interest to note that he is announced to speak at Dublin. There is no need to dwell upon the programmes of the other sections, beyond saying that the names of the speakers and subjects with which they will deal render it certain that those who attend the Dublin meetings will hear much that will be for their instruction and for their profit.

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Unbleached Turkish, Red Stripe.	Regular \$1.80 dozen. Sale, per dozen 1.25
Unbleached Turkish.	Regular \$2.40 dozen. Sale, per dozen 1.75
Bleached Turkish.	Regular \$1.65 dozen. Sale, per dozen 1.40
Bleached Turkish.	Regular \$2.00 dozen. Sale, per dozen 1.50
Bleached Turkish.	Regular \$3.00 dozen. Sale, per dozen 2.40
Bleached Turkish.	Regular \$4.20 dozen. Sale, per dozen 3.50
Bleached Turkish.	Regular \$4.80 dozen. Sale, per dozen 3.90
Bleached Turkish.	Regular \$6.00 dozen. Sale, per dozen 4.65
Linen Huckaback, fringed.	Regular 40c each. Sale 25
Linen Huckaback, extra size.	Regular 50c each. Sale 35
Unbleached Linen Turkish.	Regular 50c each. Sale 35
Unbleached Roller.	Regular 45c each. Sale 30
Unbleached Roller, three yards long.	Regular 60c each. Sale 40
Bleached Turkish.	Regular 65c each. Sale 45
Bleached Turkish.	Regular 75c each. Sale 50
Bleached Turkish.	Regular 85c each. Sale 60
Bleached Linen Turkish.	Regular \$1.25 each. Sale 95
Bath Mats.	Regular \$1.00 each. Sale 75
Bath Mats.	Regular \$1.25 each. Sale 90
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Combs Strong Enough to Saw Wood—Each 25c

All-coarse Combs, from 35c up. Ladies' back and side Combs in great variety. Very handsome, fashionable Sets; from 75c up. All the newest and most exclusive designs, consisting of Brilliant Tortoise Shell, Inlaid gold and silver Set Combs, Pearl, Turquoise and other stone-set Combs at extremely reasonable prices.

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BAKER SHOE CO., Ltd.
1109 Government Street

An Ancient Copper Coin.

If that Connecticut blacksmith of Colonial days, John Higley, could have seen one of his much-heated copper threepence pieces of home manufacture being \$275 at a coin sale in New York the other day he would have noted with great satisfaction, no doubt, that the injunction engraved upon one of his coins—"Value Me as You Please!"—had been interpreted more liberally than he could have anticipated. Completely outclassed by the many splendid examples of die cutting disposed of at the same time, this crudely engraved piece of worn copper excited more attention than any of its pretentious associates. The principal design, a deer, was not much better than the caricature of that animal to be found on any schoolboy's slate, and the punctuation of the legends was executed with a fine disregard for all rules, a period having been carefully placed after each word. The coin in question was the first American made copper coin to pass in the old Thirteen Colonies as currency, was struck from home-made dies, and on the obverse showed a deer standing to the left. Above the animal is a small crest containing a plain circle, which is broken at the bottom by scroll-work enclosing the numerals "III". Around the border is the legend "Value Me, As You Please," with a hand pointing to the word "Value". On the reverse is a large broad axe, surrounded by the inscription at the border, "I Cut My Way Through". This variety is undated, but it is thought to have been issued in 1737, 1738 or 1739. American numismatists do not embrace a more interesting series of coins than those struck by Higley, although detailed information regarding his operations are not available. From what can be learned he was a blacksmith and in 1737 pursued his trade at the town of Granby, Conn., near by which place was located some of the first copper mines to be worked by Europeans in America.

The July output from the collieries of the N. S. Steel and Coal Co. was 53,318 tons.

At a dinner given in Newton, N.J., the other night fried rattlesnakes was the chief dish.

Advertise in THE COLONIST

CONSERVATIVE PICNIC TO BE HUGE SUCCESS

Big Excursions From Many Island Points—Several From the Mainland

An enthusiastic meeting of the general committee of the Conservative association basket picnic was held in the rooms, Langley street, last evening and reports from the various sub-committees received and acted upon, and indications are that the affair will reach enormous proportions. Four trains have been arranged to leave the market station during the day for Sidney and four returning. Monster excursions have been arranged to come from Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Ladysmith, Cowichan Bay and the Islands to participate in the fun.

Among the interesting features will be a voting contest for the queen of the picnic, and candidates from the different centres will be in the field. The winner will receive a handsome prize and will be crowned by the premier. This alone is causing great interest, and great rivalry will exist between the different cities in endeavoring to elect one of their candidates.

The sports committee have arranged an interesting programme, and will provide good fun for all. Several good speakers will be in attendance, and some eloquent orations will be delivered.

The committee meets again Friday evening at 8 o'clock in the same place.

The tug William Jolliffe has gone north with a buoy and beacon for Steinhause shoal, off Brown passage, and will recharge the beacons in the north with carbide.

SUBMIT QUESTIONS TO THE FULL COURT

Province's Right to Reversionary Interest in Indian Reserves to Be Settled

The question of the province's reversionary rights in Indian reserves—a matter involving the final ownership of hundreds of thousands of acres of some of the most valuable land between the Rockies and the Pacific ocean, is to be brought before the full court of British Columbia at its sitting in Vancouver this fall. The province and the Dominion agreed some time ago that the best manner in which to settle the conflicting claims in this connection was to state a case and to carry it to the court of final appeal. In pursuance of that agreement the papers in the case were filed in the office of the registrar of the supreme court in Vancouver yesterday.

For many years questions respecting the reversionary rights in Indian lands in British Columbia, as claimed by the province have been continually arising but it was not until the Dominion government undertook to sell to the Grand Trunk Pacific some thirteen hundred acres of the Indian lands of the Metlakatla tribe in the neighborhood of Prince Rupert, did the question become of the paramount importance it has now reached.

The Metlakatla Lands.

It is history that when G. T. P. sought the purchase of the Metlakatla lands, the question of the reversionary interest was pointed out to that corporation by the Dominion government and it is also history that the G. T. P. took the Dominion government's title for what it was worth. The government of British Columbia promptly disputed that sale and consequently the railway company negotiated an agreement with the provincial government by which they were allowed to remain in possession of the lands.

The Questions Set Forth

Hon. Richard McBride and Hon. W. J. Bowser, in July last drew up the following list of questions to be submitted to the full court:

1. What is the nature of the title to be taken and held by the Dominion of Canada in the lands agreed to be conveyed to said Dominion under the provisions of clause 13, of the terms of union approved by the Imperial order in council, dated May, 1871?

2.—Will a grant of said lands, if made by the Dominion without the assent of the province, vest the fee of said lands in the granted free from any trust or favor of the province of British Columbia?

3. Would a lease of said lands, if made by the Dominion without the assent of the province, vest the fee of said lands in the granted free from any trust or favor of the province of British Columbia?

4. Does the British North America Act confer upon the Dominion of Canada any, and if so what, title interest in public lands reserved for Indians in the province of British Columbia?

5. What is the extent and nature of the title or interest of the Dominion to or in lands reserved for Indians, which are situate within the boundaries of the railway belt of British Columbia; that is to say, the lands described and referred to in section 2 of chapter 1A of the British Columbia statutes of 1884 and in clause 11 of the said terms of union?

6. Having regard to the terms of the order in council approved by the Lieutenant-governor of British Columbia on the 6th day of January, 1876, (a copy of which with the correspondence relating thereto is hereto attached), what steps should be taken by the government of the Dominion of Canada where there is a material decrease in the number of an Indian tribe occupying an Indian reserve from the standard set out in the said correspondence, and in such an event, are any, and if so what, grants or conveyances necessary in order to re-vest the title to such surplus lands in the province of British Columbia?

The correspondence referred to in question 8 of those to be submitted to the full court is appended to the document prepared by Premier McBride and Attorney-General Bowser, and it contains a copy of a communication from Hon. Joseph W. Trutch, then Lieutenant-governor of British Columbia to the secretary of state. This letter announces to the secretary of state that the proposals on the subject of the Indian lands question conveyed in the order of the governor-general, were accepted by the provincial government.

Old Fashioned Lustre Mugs.—This old-time pattern is again coming into favor. Children's mugs 10c each, cream and milk pitchers 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c and 35c; children's cup, saucer and plate in the sunflower design 25c. See our windows for particulars. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

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R. L. DRURY BACK FROM THE ORIENT

Claims That Lemieux Agreement Respecting Japanese Immigration Satisfactory

After spending upwards of six months in Japan supervising the application there of the Lemieux agreement respecting immigration to Canada, R. L. Drury returned on Tuesday afternoon by way of Seattle, having crossed the Pacific on the liner Minnesota.

In an interview Mr. Drury asserted that he had been treated with every consideration and courtesy by the officials of the Japanese government. He thinks that the regulation of the influx of Japanese to this country has been reduced to a satisfactory basis. One of the questions which he had taken up with the authorities there, through the British Ambassador, was the furnishing of Canadian officials with monthly statements showing the number of Japanese on their way from Japan to Canada, giving their occupations, etc. The request had been granted and Mr. Drury believes that, as the immigration people on this side kept records of those who arrived, it would be an easy matter to ascertain whether the Japanese were keeping faith with the Federal government. It was a simple matter of comparison.

Mr. Drury stated that Japan had made wonderful progress in the last 30 years. And he predicted that the next twenty would find it just as far ahead of its present condition as the latter is of that which existed but a decade or so ago. He thought that an effort should be made by the merchants of Western Canada to capture the markets of Japan. He mentioned hides, lead and lumber and other articles as being easily marketable there, all of which were to be found in Canada in large quantities. To ignore such opportunities, he said, "would be commercial suicide."

In his opinion the enforcement of the Natal Act would be useless, in a few years, at the outside, to stem a tide of emigration from that part of the Orient. He had visited many of the schools and had found that English was taught almost everywhere. Under such circumstances legislation of the kind would soon become ineffectual.

It was stated in error in yesterday's

Colonist that it was the St. Andrew's society pipe band which would accompany the Eagles. This is not the case, that band having no connection with the Victoria Highland Pipe band, which is a separate organization.

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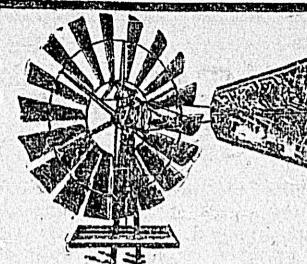
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Now Open for Business.
Meals from 20 cents and up.

Try our 25 cent Dinner.

After several months' silence, the Canadian Pacific railway authorities have begun to take preliminary steps to fulfil the tacit threat made against the dock workers of Quebec to take the Empresses away from Quebec and bring them to Montreal during the summer months. Soundings are being taken through the harbor of Montreal and about the King Edward to discover if there was actually a sufficient depth of water to carry these largest steamships of the St. Lawrence route without difficulty, and if not to see what further dredging would be necessary.

New Fall Goods are arriving fast. Call and see the new Valets, Wrappers, Flannelette Wear, Blankets and Quilts, at Robinson's Cash Store, 642 Yates street.

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WHITE WAS OLD HAND IN CAREER OF CRIME

Hold-Up Man When Confronted With Record Admits Previous Offences

That the authorities, in the arrest, conviction and sentence to ten years in the New Westminster penitentiary of Charles White, the hold-up man who robbed George H. Barroough and John Pearce and attempted to hold-up Henry Reid, have safely staved away a dangerous criminal, one whose criminal career, as shown in the records of the police departments of the south, has now been plainly established. White, whose tears and apparent regard for the feelings of his mother, almost convinced the police that his crimes here were the first ever committed by him and then only the result of illness and need, has already served nine years in Walla Walla penitentiary for crimes similar to those committed here. In fact at the age of eighteen years he entered the Washington State penitentiary to serve out his sentence and the crimes for which he was convicted earned him the reputation of being one of the most daring hold-up men the police of Tacoma had occasion to arrest.

Within the past day or two the provincial police department has received confirmation of their suspicion that White was an old hand at the game of robbery. His photograph had been sent to the superintendent of the Walla Walla penitentiary and to the chiefs of police of Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and other leading coast cities with the suspicion that the authorities of these places might have had some experience with him. In reply came communications from the superintendent of the Walla Walla penitentiary and the chief of police at Tacoma which set at rest all doubt as to White's previous career.

From C. S. Reed, of Walla Walla penitentiary, comes the information that White was committed to that institution on November 30, 1901, for a term of nine years, which he served, being released only last October. J. M. Duley, chief of police at Tacoma, also informed the authorities here that White is one and the same person as Perry Reynolds, alias James Murray, who was sentenced on Nov. 26, 1901, to Walla Walla for a nine-year term for highway robbery. Chief Duley also inclosed a photograph of Reynolds or Murray, and while it was taken nearly ten years ago, it is unmistakably that of the man who is now en route to New Westminster. Chief Duley adds that White, or Reynolds or Murray, or whatever is his correct name, was then but eighteen years of age, but had gained the reputation of being a daring hold-up man and was described in the accounts of his robberies, as the "stick-up man in the linen duster," this description being evidently occasioned by the garb which he wore while at his criminal pursuits. He was believed to have committed several robberies in Washington and Oregon, and his daring must have been much more manifest than that it was when he undertook to resume his career of crime on this side of the boundary.

When White was arrested here he claimed to have come from Idaho, and he shed tears when he admitted that that was not his right name, but that for the sake of his mother he would refuse to state who he really was. When confronted by Superintendent Hussey yesterday and shown the photograph forwarded by Chief Duley of Tacoma, he finally admitted that he was the man arrested and sentenced to Walla Walla. At that time he had stated to the police that his home was in Pendleton, Ore., and that he had been a farmer before taking to a life of crime.

When White, or Reynolds or Murray, was brought into Superintendent Hussey's office yesterday and was shown the photograph from Tacoma he merely smiled.

"It does look something like me, doesn't it?" he said.

"Well, is it?" queried Superintendent Hussey, whereupon the prisoner laughed and remarked, "Oh, well, I guess it is."

White left this morning on the charmer in custody of Provincial Constable Carter to commence his long ten years' term in New Westminster penitentiary.

Constable McDonald, who, with Detective Clayards, had been sent to the cabin when Nicholson and Fenley had notified the police of the death of the woman, testified that there were no signs of a struggle having taken place in the cabin, and the woman was lying quite naturally on the bed, fully dressed.

Dr. Robertson, who performed the post-mortem examination, after having been summoned to the cabin, stated that there were no signs of poison or of the woman having suffered a violent death. Rigor mortis had set in before he arrived and evidently the woman had been dead for some hours. The right lung was in a badly congested condition, and there had been a recent large internal hemorrhage. In his opinion death was due to this hemorrhage, and evidently when she appealed to Nicholson to be allowed to lie down she was suffering great pain.

Cornor Hart explained to the jury that Martin Douglas, who, the evidence showed, had gone to the cabin a short time after the woman arrived there, and was quite drunk, had continued his spree, and though summoned to appear as a witness, was too intoxicated to speak and testify.

I took the jury but a few minutes to arrive at its verdict. The jury was composed of Robert Towers, George Inbert, Frank Van Munster, Herman Roscamps, Daniel Charles and John Clark, foreman.

The shooting of the gunners of No. 1 company, under Major Currie, at the twelve pounder gun batteries on Black Rock and Dunite Head in the Esquimalt naval yard, during the past few days has been of a high order. On Monday some phenomenal shooting was made with one-inch practice ammunition. The gunners fired 135 rounds and of these 120 were hits. Despite the fact that the practice, made at distances of from 800 to 1,000 yards was very rapid, there were but 15 misses in the 135 rounds, and of the 120 hits no less than 48 were consecutive, and in this run there was a series of 37 that were absolute bullseyes. That any torpedo boat made out with the searchlights of the engineers attempting to make a dash into Esquimalt harbor to torpedo the sheltered shipping therein would have succeeded in the face of such a fire is impossible. No. 2 and No. 3 companies have also been making some excellent practice with the six inch guns, using one inch practice ammunition. Tonight the preliminary practice with service ammunition, each gun firing the full charge, will be held. No. 1 company will fire at Black Rock battery and No. 2 and No. 3 companies at Fort Macaulay. The competitive shooting will be held by No. 1 company at Esquimalt next Monday and by No. 2 and No. 3 companies on Tuesday. The two details for the big gun shooting at Fort Macaulay will form up on their company parade grounds any time after 5 p.m. on Tuesday and the first detail reporting complete will be the first to

go on the guns. The other detail will then fall in on Fort Manning parade. Gun numbers cannot be replaced after going into the fort.

The six inch guns of Fort Macaulay were manned by teams from No. 3 company on Tuesday evening and the shooting was splendid. Practically every shot struck the mark and, when it is remembered that the ranges constantly vary the target moving, and that the gunners have not yet had much training, this is deemed little short of remarkable. An evidence of the marksmanship was the fact that several times the rope, holding together the two boats, was cut by the passing shells. No. 2 company was on the guns last night and its representatives, according to report, also acquitted themselves creditably. The training with Morris tube attachment will be continued until the annual competitions with regulation ammunition.

Week's Bank Clearings.
Local bank clearings for the week ended yesterday totalled \$1,057,845.

Oddfellows Contribute.
The provincial secretary has received contribution of \$25 sent to help swell the Fernie relief fund by the Independent Order of Oddfellows of far away Port Arthur, Ont.

CHAS. BURY BRATTON SECURES HIS FREEDOM

Crown Offers no Opposition to
Writ of Habeas Corpus Being
Granted

C. B. Bratton, the alleged incendiary, secured his freedom yesterday as a result of an application to the chief justice in chambers. His trial before Judge Lampman had been adjourned until yesterday morning and when the hour fixed arrived, neither judge nor counsel were present. Bratton was there with his guards, and was very indignant at what he thought was culpable negligence on the part of the authorities. As a matter of fact, Judge Lampman was ill and unable to attend court, a fact which was known to counsel on both sides but which had not been communicated to the prisoner.

At the chamber sitting shortly afterwards J. A. Alkmann made application by way of habeas corpus to the chief justice for his client's release. J. W. Taylor, K.C., who appeared for the crown, not opposing the granting of the order. In fact, Mr. Alkmann produced a written consent from the counsel for the crown agreeing to the man's release.

Bratton was released later in the afternoon, and, it is understood, intends to return immediately to the United States. The attorney-general consented to the man's release because the evidence, while sufficient to justify his commitment for trial, did not appear strong enough to secure a conviction.

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THE COLONIST OFFICE

CONCERNING WOMEN

In describing the Olympic games M.A.P. says: "These successive hosts of men gave way to what seemed a strange spectacle, namely, a group of women; and so curious, so interesting, and so picturesque was the sight that it soon absorbed most of the attention of the vast gathering. I should say at once that these were the Danish young ladies, who have come over to give us some idea of what Danish gymnastics are like. They were only a part of the Scandinavian group, and without meaning disrespect to the other groups, it was the one which most attracted my attention and admiration. Everybody knows that these Scandinavians are among the finest people in Europe; anybody like me, brought up in a seaport town, would know that the Swedish and Norwegian sailors has always been one of the finest specimens of manhood in the world—very robust, very tall, very muscular; and the men these northern countries have sent over to us seem to fully realize these old impressions we have always had of the strength and splendid manly beauty of their race. There were murmurs of admiration as they passed; and even the dark and leaden day could not take away entirely the impression left of these modern Vikings, with their beautiful and clear complexions, their flaxen hair, and their generally splendid physique."

But, of course, it was the women who attracted most attention—partly because they supplied the exceptional and the unexpected element. And certainly this group of Amazons deserved the murmur of delight and admiration with which they were received. I see it stated that they were rather below than above the middle height, but that is not my impression. To me they appeared nearly all, I thought, exceptionally tall for women, and some of them even appeared to be graceful young blankees I never saw a group of women who seemed more fitted to be the daughters and mothers of a splendid race. Flaxen-haired for the most part, with cheeks of open-air freshness, and with blue eyes, they really seemed like some race of fair-haired goddesses that belong to the youth of the world, when mortals and immortals were supposed to meet and to mate; or shall I describe them as apparent survivors of an elder race of heroes and heroines, where elemental passions worked among human beings, and life was one incessant scene of battle and heroic death, and men and women raised by circumstance to semi-divine strength by heroic environment? I saw an early play of Ibsen once in the theatre at Christiania, and there I learned something of the spirit of the Scandinavians in their age of chivalry—in the epoch sacred to the memory of the Vikings; and it was a wondrous representation of courage, of patient endurance, of fortitude equal to any trial, however terrible—as when, for instance, the old chieftain, recounting a battle into which he had gone with his nine stalwart sons, said with calmness—without a groan, with nothing to indicate exceptional emotion either on his part or on the part of those who listened, except the long silence which followed—that he alone had come out of the fight alive."

An oatmeal drink is nourishing and to many pleasant. Cook in a double boiler for fifteen minutes one ounce of oatmeal in a quart of milk, with two tablespoonsfuls of sugar. Strain through muslin and stand on ice till wanted. A beaten egg added to a glass of this oatmeal drink with a few drops of sherry tend to make it more nourishing and none the less "tasty."

More than a word of praise is said of currant water. To prepare it mash together half a pint of red raspberries and a pint of stemmed currants, and a pint of cold water. To this add a quarter of a pound of granulated sugar. Turn into a saucepan, simmer gently over the fire for a few minutes, then strain carefully, add to it three pints of water, the amount of sugar that seems necessary, and stand on ice.

Food experts gathered for convenience at Mackinac declared cold storage poisons fish and milk.

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In Woman's Realm

HERE AND THERE

Country or elsewhere to step into the breach in time of danger.

While, on the one hand, we hear that millions of dollars and apparently unlimited credit are at the disposal of the government of Canada for public works; while millions of bushels of grain are ripening between the Atlantic and the Pacific, while Canadians as a people live in comfort and the country may correctly be described as a land of plenty, conditions are arising which call for the most earnest consideration and for prompt action.

In Toronto, men, women and children are working in crowded rooms as garment makers for the most miserable pittance and their health is being undermined by foul and insufficient food. But far more tragic with regard to the future of this country are the revelations made there in the Hochelaga cotton mills, near Montreal, children under the legal age of fourteen are allowed or forced to work under conditions which prevent their growth and injure their health. An investigation is now going on before Mr. McKenzie King, and the appearance of the children summoned as witnesses avokes the compassion of all spectators. They were, all but one, abnormally small, ill-clad and ignorant.

Industrial success, which Canada can ever gain, will compensate for the degeneracy of the men and women of the country. And yet it seems that the time has not yet come when in the great factories of the world conditions admit of the health of the operative. No subject to which legislators can devote their attention is more important than the preservation of the health and strength of the people of the country. There are laws now on the statute book which forbid the employment of children under fourteen and provide that those between fourteen and sixteen shall go to night school. Both these laws were broken in the case of the little workers. A very serious feature of the case is that the parents of the children and the trade unions seem to have combined with the employers in bringing about a state of affairs so deplorable.

The Deputy-Minister of Labor can do the country no greater service than to remedy a state of affairs that should never have been allowed to exist in this country. This is a matter that concerns not only the manufacturing centres. Every child who enters upon manhood or womanhood with dwarfed body and immature mind is a source of weakness to the whole country. No one with ordinary feelings of humanity can calmly see the little children sacrificed for the sake of gain.

In his speech at Ottawa the other day Lord Roberts advised the people of Canada to prepare for self-defence. He said that Canada, with her limited resources, would one day become one of the greatest countries of the world, but declared that she must not expect to enjoy her wealth unless she was ready to protect it from all who coveted it.

Being a great soldier and a student of history, he showed that no nation had ever become great which was not warlike, and that as soon as a country was unable to defend its possessions it declined.

He showed that as a member of the British Empire this country had great advantages. She could count on the protection of the British fleet, which is the strongest in the world, but he seems to have intimated very plainly that we should not expect its protection without contributing toward its maladministration. As to the efficiency of the land forces of Canada, Lord Roberts does not appear to have expressed an opinion, but it has been reported that he was not favorably impressed by the appearance of the representatives who were present at the Tercentenary celebration. The speech showed very plainly that in the opinion of this veteran the time has come when Canada must put her hand earnestly to the work of providing for her own defence.

On the other hand, Goldwin Smith, who, for almost as long a period, has looked abroad with observing eyes upon the course of the world's events, thinks that the people of Canada should devote all their attention to the arts of peace and that they are evil counsellors who advise their men to prepare for war.

To this theory the labor organizations of Ottawa who refused to take part in the demonstrations of welcome to Lord Roberts because they were calculating to glorify war, gave their assent.

What attitude ought the women of Canada to take on this very important question? Are we to make up our minds that the days of battle and strife are over and that our sons must devote all their attention to acquiring arts of peace? Is Canada always to be content to rely for protection on the Mother Country or trust to the forbearance of the generosity of our great neighbor to the south of us?

That the world is advancing towards an era of universal peace we have reason to hope. Many questions which would once only have been settled by war have of late years been decided peacefully. But, on the other hand, all the great nations are preparing for war on a scale never equalled in the world's history. The wisest of statesmen watch the course of affairs from day to day almost with bated breath. In the industrial race, and there are forces and tendencies which give rise to grave fears for the future. Will Canada be much longer able to escape the responsibility of nationhood, or ought we to teach our children that while war is a terrible calamity to be avoided by all honorable means, it may still, one day by the duty of the men of the nation to fight for the protection of all they hold dear?

It seems possible that the boys of a country might be taught that while every man should be ready to defend his home and his country he should realize that self-control is the duty no less of the nation than of the individual. Such a training would not lead them to desire war although it would prepare them for it. This, at any rate, is the belief of Lord Roberts and those who, like him, advise that every city in Canada should follow the example of Halifax and teach the boys of the schools how to bear arms. In our own city there are cadet corps in connection with the High Schools and some of the private schools. It is necessary that the men of Canada shall become brave and efficient soldiers this will not be brought about by chance. The more earnest the more painful, and perhaps the strongest efforts towards this end will be made by the women of the country. So far, Canadian women are in doubt as to where their duty lies. One thing, however, seems certain. If we do not intend to defend ourselves, we have no right to expect soldiers either from the Mother

Country or elsewhere to step into the breach in time of danger.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Miss B. Williams left yesterday on a short visit to Walla Walla.

L. B. Porter left this morning on the Charmer on a short visit to Vancouver.

Thomas Brayshaw left this morning on the Princess Victoria for Seattle.

J. A. Lindsay left yesterday afternoon on a short business trip to San Francisco via the Overland route.

Henry Hearnes left yesterday via the Northern Pacific on a trip to Portland, Ore.

D. T. Barnhardt left this morning on the Princess Victoria on a short visit to Seattle.

W. Duke and wife returned from a trip to Sound cities yesterday by the steamer Princess Victoria.

H. A. Goward returned from Seattle yesterday by the steamer Princess Victoria.

G. A. McNicholl, purchasing agent of the G. T. P., arrived in the city yesterday.

Miss Margaret Boa and Miss Dolly Bennett left this morning on the Princess Victoria for Seattle, where they will spend a few days visiting friends.

Mrs. G. Meldrum and children of this city left last night, accompanied by Mrs. Pendolla, on a short trip to Seattle.

Miss Ethel McLean, who has been visiting with friends in the city, left this morning via the C. P. R., en route home.

J. Rosenberger was among the Victorians who arrived by the steamer Princess Victoria yesterday from Seattle.

Miss Johnstone, who has been spending a month in the city the guest of Miss Russell, has returned to her home in Vancouver.

Mrs. (Capt.) Lovatt, whose husband was master of the ship Englehorn, and Miss Lovatt, are visiting Capt. and Mrs. J. G. Cox of King's road.

Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Pancoast, who have been making a short stay in the city, left this morning via the C. P. R., on their return to their home in St. Paul, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. McDougall of Toronto, who have been making a tour of the Coast and have been spending the past few days in the city, left this morning on their return to the East.

Mr. and Mrs. Alton R. Terry of Calgary, who have been spending the past two weeks in the city and Seattle, left this morning via the C. P. R., on their return to their home.

Among the passengers on the Charmer for Vancouver this morning were: A. H. Buchanan, E. A. Baker, Miss Millar, J. H. Cox, A. G. Ring, Jr., J. Thomson.

On the Princess Victoria this morning for Seattle were T. N. Nell, A. Nicholl, J. Paul, J. J. Malcolm, H. E. Hooper, W. W. Goodbody, Mrs. Barron, Mrs. J. Schran.

Lieut.-Col. Grant, Mrs. Grant and daughter will leave in a few days on an extended trip to England and the Continent. Miss Grant will be placed at school in England.

Lord and Lady Carrington, who have been present at the Tercentenary celebration at Quebec are expected to visit this city next week. While here they will be guests of their niece, Mrs. Slater, Pemberton avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Campbell and family, of the Blue Post hotel, returned home from Nova Scotia yesterday, where they have been visiting their parents. They expressed their pleasure at being home after their six weeks' absence.

Yesterday afternoon, at the residence of the bride's mother, in this city, the Rev. Dr. Campbell celebrated the marriage of Mark William Cuzner and Helena Martha McKittrick. After the honeymoon Mr. and Mrs. Cuzner will make their home in Victoria.

Rev. Dr. Robert Campbell, of St. Gabriel church, Montreal, ex-moderator of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church in Canada, who was at Westminster hall, Vancouver, during the last ten days giving a course of lectures on church law and ecclesiastical procedure, is in the city and is the guest of Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Campbell at Breadalbane.

A. M. Jones, stenographer, returned by the steamer Princess Victoria yesterday from a visit to his brother-in-law, P. C. McGregor, formerly of Victoria, who is now resident at Lake Crescent. Mr. Jones enjoyed some fishing at the lake across the Straits, and returned via Seattle, taking the Sound port on the steamer Bellingham.

Arthur W. Scott, brother of the late Florence Scott, victim of the yachting accident at Everett recently arrived by the steamer Princess Victoria yesterday from White Horse, via Seattle. Mr. Scott came from Skagway by the steamer City of Seattle. He made a quick trip south, but arrived too late to attend the funeral of his sister, and is making a visit with his mother, Mrs. H. B. Chaffee, and sister, Mrs. Ayres of Fort street.

The marriage of Sergt. W. H. M. Roberson, of Work Point barracks, and Miss Beatrice Ellinor Goodfield, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. Goodfield, Fifth street, was celebrated last evening by Rev. S. J. Thompson at the residence of the bride's parents. Many of the friends of the young couple were present and sat down to the sumptuous wedding supper. Sergt. and Mrs. Roberson left last evening for Seattle on the Princess Victoria and will spend their honeymoon in the Sound cities.

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The residents of Sooke consider as the most brilliant social event in the history of their district took place on the evening of Friday, August 7. This was the first annual dance of the Sooke

THE New Scale Williams PLAYER PIANO

is one of the newest and most up-to-date Player Pianos, containing all the intrinsic points of the New Scale Williams Piano, coupled with the most modern mechanism which can be produced by the best skill in the manufacture of Player Pianos.

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Delivered to us three times per week, so we can always guarantee strictly fresh eggs. Better make arrangements with us for your regular supply.

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Pea Nut Butter, per jar, 20c and.....35c

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Egg Powder, per tin.....25c

ALBERTA CREAMERY BUTTER, Per. Lb. 30c

The Saunders Grocery Co., Ltd.
Phone 28. Where you can get the best. 39 and 41 Johnson St.

Excursions

Large numbers are now taking advantage of the excursion rates by V. & S. Railway and Steamer "Iroquois" to view the wonderful scenery of the beautiful Gulf Islands. Mondays and Thursdays to Nanaimo, returning next day by an entirely different route. Wednesdays and Saturday, returning the same day. On Sunday next a stop of 2 hours will be made at Cowichar

Rifle association. Charters' hall was the scene of the gathering and was decorated with great taste, and in a manner suitable to the semi-military character of the occasion. Long streamers of red, white and blue were fastened from the four sides of the room and meeting over the central chandelier, while at intervals along the side walls were trophies of crossed rifles and flags, arranged on white oblongs. The end wall was occupied by a large Union Jack, draped above a picture of Lord Roberts. The decorations were executed by Messrs. William Welch and Douglas Muir, assisted by Mrs. Arthur Harvey. Dancing commenced about 9 o'clock and continued till the beams of the morning star were extinguished by Aurora's rosy fingers. A good orchestra from Victoria was engaged, and the floor being an excellent one, and in prime condition nothing was wanting to ensure a pleasant time for all. Knowing that the Sooke Rifle association were going to provide something good, people came all the way from Victoria, Metchosin, Rocky Point and Otter Point, and not one returned disappointed. The total attendance was 140. About midnight a substantial supper was served in a spacious marquee adjoining the hall.

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The Sporting World

STRIFE AMONG SOCCER PLAYERS

Island Association Football Enthusiasts Object to Pacific Coast Series

WILL HURT THE LEAGUE

Claimed That Provincial Championship Must Go to the Wall

Already the business of preparing for the association football season is beginning to move. On the mainland various district organizations have been engaged for some time past, while it is several weeks ago since the delegates from different adjacent points gathered in Victoria to form a Pacific Coast league—an organization having the power to include clubs of Seattle and other neighboring American cities. Now the activity has spread to Vancouver island and it is particularly apparent in Victoria. Last night the Victoria West boys held a meeting, this evening the City League is scheduled to hold a gathering at the J. B. A. A. quarters, and from up the line comes the report of the arrangement of a series of friendly matches between the Ladysmith and Nanaimo teams.

Lively Debate

When the Victoria district association gathers it is likely that there will be a lively, not to say heated, discussion. The bone of contention, if rumors are to be given any credence, is the wisdom of the formation of the Pacific Coast league, to which movement a number of Victoria enthusiasts lent their support. The argument against that series is that it is likely to bring about the death of the British Columbia league which provided for a system of deciding the question of superiority in the province satisfactorily to Island clubs, but not in line with the views of the major number of those interested on the mainland.

Those who object to the new league do not mince matters. They claim that the time has not yet arrived when such an organization can exist in the northwest. In backing up the stand they take they point out the expense which will be involved in traveling and then they refer to the somewhat meagre gate receipts which have been received in the past. In view of the situation they assert that they will oppose the entry of a Victoria team in the series, that they will permit those who do take part to do so without interference of any kind, but, personally, they will not endorse or assist in carrying through an undertaking which is, in their opinion, much ahead of the times and, consequently, is bound to result in disaster to those concerned. For their part they would recommend the playing of the district series in the usual way, the deciding in this manner which Island team is entitled to challenge the leading mainland eleven for the provincial championship and when the time arrived, throwing down the gauntlet. If their deft wasn't accepted they would be entitled to take the coveted title. Providing it was accepted then the concluding matches would be played in the customary way and "the best team would win."

Other Leagues

Their opinion is that the same method should be adopted in respect to the junior and intermediate league. Of course they didn't suppose that the recently inaugurated body would have any effect on the younger organizations but they thought it was as well that an understanding should be reached before the season became advanced. In order that it might be amicably agreed, if possible, just how these championships would be decided as between the Island and mainland aspirants.

Professional Ball

Another point taken against the Pacific Coast league is that it is a step toward the introduction of professional football—that is, if it is found to be a paying proposition. Those who object to the endorsement of the move-

ment explain that the Island has always maintained that the league system of running schedules is the best while in Vancouver and New Westminster the cup tie method has been in vogue. The latter is modelled after the way in which the various old country series are brought off and local officials assert that it is not applicable here because it means that the defeated team in every game is out of the running as far as the trophy immediately at stake is concerned, while the league system brings the competitors together so many times in the year whether defeated or otherwise, thus deciding the issue on the merits of their play throughout the season. It is acknowledged that the former is all right where there are many teams in the contest. Then it is imperative that each match should mean "sudden death" for one or the other, but in the Canadian west, where the clubs are not especially numerous, it is thought that the ordinary league is the most satisfactory. To govern the new association, it is pointed out, the English constitution with a few minor alterations has been adopted. This, they think, is a move in the direction of professionalism, as it would only be necessary for the league to pay expenses with a fair margin before the players would be demanding recompense. And the Victoria footballers, almost en masse, are averse to having a hint of that kind introduced into the sport. They want to play for fun and, in their opinion, there could have been nothing better than the series which was played off last year.

Another View

On the other hand there are some—and, perhaps, an equal number—who take an opposite stand. They too, shy at the thought of professionalism, but they submit that the Pacific coast league will not tend towards such a condition. They argue that it will not interfere with much less kill, the British Columbia league; rather, that it will tend to increase the general interest in the pastime and give the players added zest as they would have another goal to strive for—the championship of the whole northwest. As for the possibility of it proving a financial failure they take the view that the least that can be done is to give it a try, as it would be quite feasible, should the indications point to the organization becoming bankrupt, to abandon the project until it was thought the popularity of the game had so increased as to make it worth renewing the attempt.

Thus there are two sides to the question, both backed by what are in their minds, irrefutable arguments. On that account the meeting referred to is likely to be the scene of a very warm debate.

SONS OF ENGLAND SPORTS ANNOUNCED

Prominent Order to Hold Field Day at the Oak Bay Park

The Sons of England are arranging for an afternoon of sport to take place on the 28th inst. at Oak Bay park. For some weeks a committee has had the matter under consideration and the result of their deliberations has been the formation of a splendid programme. It includes running races of all the customary distances, besides the usual tests of strength involved in throwing the weights. Also it is intended that there shall be plenty of music and in fact provision has been made for a few hours of thorough general enjoyment, not only for those actually belonging to the organization but for those of the general public who may care to attend.

Athletic members of the Y.M.C.A. and other Victoria organizations are training for the competitions, it having been stated that there would be at least four open events, namely, the 100 yards dash, the 220 yards, the 440 yard and the mile races. It is likely that in these the Sons of England, who may participate, will find themselves pitted against some of the best sprinters of the city. At any rate it is assured that there will be some contests well worth witnessing.

North Bruce Conservatives will not oppose Alex. McNeil, ex-M. F. Crops, barns and animals were destroyed by a hurricane at Lindsay.

YACHT RACES TO BE HELD SATURDAY

Arrangements Made For Two Classes—Cruisers Must Seal Engines

The first regatta to be held by the Victoria Yacht club since the completion of its new headquarters will take place on Saturday next, the 15th inst. This will comprise races in which all the sailing yachts of the fleet will be eligible to compete. They will be divided into two classes, viz., "A" class, consisting of the cruisers Gwenol, Varuna, Hellen, Dorothy and White cap; "B" class, consisting of Clytie, Sea-mouse, Oneida, and any craft of same description.

The course for both classes will be from an imaginary line drawn from Pearlne rock to a mark boat, thence round the ship Falls of Dee (being the outermost ship in Royal roads) thence round Brothie ledge to finish at Pearlne rock. All marks will be left at port, unless changed by sailing committee on the day of the race of which due notice will be given.

Further details as to time and mode of starting will be published later.

Owing to the great difference in the styles of craft competing, no time allowance will be provided for, the race being boat against boat, and "may the best boat win." The committee reserves the sole right to provide whatever prizes it shall think fit for the winning yachts. Auxiliary cruisers as Hellen and Varuna must have their engines sealed before starting. It being a well recognized fact that no sailing yacht can hope to point as high as these boats, particularly the Hellen, when with all sail set and engine going she defiantly foams along into the wind's eye.

It is hoped that all yachtsmen will combine to make this regatta a success.

EIGHT MAN TEAM FROM THIS CITY

Addition to Representation of Riflemen at Toronto and Ottawa Shoots

An eight-man team will represent Victoria at the Toronto and Ottawa shoots which take place towards the end of the month. At least that is what is intended at present, it having been concluded by the officials of the Fifth Regiment Rifle association that, as six men can be secured to make the trip from this city without difficulty and as only two more are required to make up the quota necessary to enable them to participate in every event, it would be wisdom to make an effort in that direction. And those behind the movement state that it will be done. Although they are not yet definitely assured that the marksmen wish to form the personnel of the representation will be able to get away they feel confident that there will be no trouble in finding the two required to make the ranks absolutely complete.

The Team.

The team which is mentioned as going to go east comprises the following: Regimental Sergt.-Major McDougall, Sergt. Richardson, Col. Sergt.-Major Caven, Sergt. Carr, Trumpeter McDougall, Quartermaster Sergt. Lettice, Gunner Duncan and Sergt. Doyle. Only one of those specified is at all doubtful as to whether it will be convenient for him to spare the time necessary—Quarter-Master Sergt. Lettice. As the latter is a valuable marksman, having participated in the Dominion matches on several occasions and thus having the experience which is an important asset in such a test, a strong endeavor is being made to induce him to accompany the other riflemen. Up to the present he has given no definite reply, but it is looked for in a few days and it is confidently believed that his answer will be in the affirmative.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder dusted in the bath, softens the water and disinfects.

SCHEDULES FOR THE CRICKET TOURNEY

Two Series of Matches Take Place Next Week for the Championship.

Between the 17th and the 22nd of the month there will be eight cricket teams in Victoria, representative of the strongest organizations of the kind in the Northwest, and the series which will be played will decide for another year the possession of the trophy symbolic of the championship, now by Vancouver. Owing to the fact that there are more associations for the honor this year than has been the case in the past, the difficulty has been experienced in drafting a schedule which will permit the question of superiority being decided within the time limit. This was aggravated because it was the ambition of the local committee in charge that the finale should be reached on Friday, thus permitting the tournament to be concluded by a game in which the "winners" and an eleven selected from the best of the other contestants would be the principals, to be played on Saturday afternoon.

Difficulty Solved.

However the difficulty has been solved. The representatives of the Victoria, Albion, and Garrison clubs, who have the arrangements in hand, have decided to make use of the three local grounds instead of only two, as at first proposed. Thus three games will take place daily—one at the Jubilee, another at the Beacon Hill, and a third at the Work Point grounds. Already preparations are being made and by the time the first contest is called it is expected that the pitches all will be in first-class shape.

The Schedules.

The schedules as drafted follow:
 Division "A."
 Monday—Victoria vs. Albions, at Jubilee hospital; Vernon vs. Portland, at Beacon Hill.

Tuesday—Portland vs. Albions, at Beacon Hill.
 Wednesday—Victoria vs. Portland, at Jubilee hospital; Albions vs. Vernon, at Beacon Hill.

Thursday—Victoria vs. Vernon, at Jubilee hospital.

Division "B."

Monday—Seattle vs. Vancouver, at Work Point.

Tuesday—Seattle vs. Garrison, at Work Point; Burrards vs. Vancouver, at Jubilee hospital.

Wednesday—Garrison vs. Burrards, at Work Point.

Thursday—Garrison vs. Vancouver, at Work Point; Seattle vs. Burrards, at Beacon Hill.

Friday—Final winners of Division "A," vs. winners of Division "B," at Jubilee hospital.

Saturday—Cup winners vs. an eleven from the others at Jubilee hospital. For scoring a win will count 2 points and a draw 1 point.

Entertainment.

An excellent programme has been agreed on for the entertainment of the visitors. On Monday night they will be taken to the Victoria theatre; Tuesday a smoker will take place at the A. C. U. W. hall, at which they will be the guests of local enthusiasts, who will make a trip up the Gorge, passengers on the steamer Craigflower; on Thursday they will occupy boxes at the Grand theatre and on Friday a second smoker will be held for which somewhat elaborate arrangements are under way.

As will be noted by the schedules, eight teams will enter the struggle. Every match will last the day, starting at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon and finishing early in the evening, lunch being served on the grounds.

PLAYED WATER POLO

Y. M. C. A. Teams Put Up Splendid Exhibition Game at Gorge

A water polo match was played between Y.M.C.A. teams captained by Messrs. Kiddle and Ponfrey respectively on Tuesday evening in the water off the Gorge park. It was a fine exhibition of the pastime, the contestants for twenty minutes putting up a strenuous fight for supremacy. Finally it was won by Kiddle's stalwarts, the score being three goals to all. The boys are arranging these scratch matches for the purpose of obtaining practice in preparation for the game which they will play on the 22nd inst. in connection with the swimming championship gala, with the Vancouver team. On the last occasion they met the mainland swimmers they were decisively beaten but in the next competition they hope to turn the tables in an equally manner.

PLAYERS THREATENED BY POLICE SERGEANT

Frequent Scraps in Lacrosse Match Between Toronto and Tecumseh Teams

Scraps were more frequent than scores in the match between the Tecumsehs and the Torontos which was won by the Indians by seven to five. Every few minutes they'd break out, and all over the field the players showed a preference for Marquis of Queensbury rules instead of the Guelph ones. In fact so nasty became the temper of the teams and so frequent the fights that Sergeant Allison, who was in charge of the police on the field, warned both teams that he would arrest next two men who started a scrap. This was at half-time. Although they are not yet definitely assured that the marksmen wish to form the personnel of the representation will be able to get away they feel confident that there will be no trouble in finding the two required to make the ranks absolutely complete.

"I'm not going to have my men arrested," he said.

"Well, let both teams play lacrosse as they would play it, and they won't be arrested," said Manager Murphy, of the Toronto.

Sergeant Allison was firm.

"People don't come here to see prize-fighting," said he. "If they want to see fighting they can see it in bars. Come here expecting to see gentlemen playing a gentlemanly game, and the police on the field, warned both teams that he would arrest next two men who started a scrap."

And the warning had its effect. It took some coaxing to get the Indians on the field, but finally Referee Gillespie told them that the aid of the police would not be needed, and they went on.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder dusted in the bath, softens the water and disinfects.

LIVERY

HORSE AND TRAP—Week days, half a day \$2.50
 Saturday, Sunday and ordinary holidays, half a day \$3.00

VICTORIA TRANSFER CO., LTD.
 Phone 129.

GAME ARRANGED FOR FERNIE SUFFERERS

Winnipeg Football Players Announce Exhibition Match in Good Cause

On Thursday of next week footballers of the city will show what good sportsmen they are when they turn out to assist the sufferers of the Fernie fire. At the very time when the first reports of the disaster were coming to the attention of the public, the local committee in charge that the finale should be reached on Friday, thus permitting the tournament to be concluded by a game in which the "winners" and an eleven selected from the best of the other contestants would be the principals, to be played on Saturday afternoon.

Difficulty Solved.

Between the 17th and the 22nd of the month there will be eight cricket teams in Victoria, representative of the strongest organizations of the kind in the Northwest, and the series which will be played will decide for another year the possession of the trophy symbolic of the championship, now by Vancouver. Owing to the fact that there are more associations for the honor this year than has been the case in the past, the difficulty has been experienced in drafting a schedule which will permit the question of superiority being decided within the time limit. This was aggravated because it was the ambition of the local committee in charge that the finale should be reached on Friday, thus permitting the tournament to be concluded by a game in which the "winners" and an eleven selected from the best of the other contestants would be the principals, to be played on Saturday afternoon.

Difficulty Solved.

However the difficulty has been solved. The representatives of the Victoria, Albion, and Garrison clubs, who have the arrangements in hand, have decided to make use of the three local grounds instead of only two, as at first proposed. Thus three games will take place daily—one at the Jubilee, another at the Beacon Hill, and a third at the Work Point grounds. Already preparations are being made and by the time the first contest is called it is expected that the pitches all will be in first-class shape.

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On the Waterfront

WEIR LINERS WILL GIVE A SERVICE

Schedule Arranged With Five British Steamers to Replace Withdrawn Vessels

THREE WEEKLY SERVICE

Calls Will Be Made at Victoria on Both Inward and Outward Voyages

The British steamer Craigvar is due from Honolulu to go into the Oriental service in the re-arranged line to be supplied by Andrew Weir & Co., under the agency of Frank Waterhouse & Co., replacing the withdrawn Boston Steamship company's service. The Craigvar will make one round trip and the new service will be given by the steamers Suveric, Kumerie, Inveric, Boveric and Yeddo, all owned by Andrew Weir & Co. The Suveric and Kumerie have been running for some time in conjunction with the Boston Steamship company's liners Tremont and Shawmut. These two big steamers, which were built with an idea of capturing the troop-carrying trade and government business between Puget Sound and the Philippines, have been practically sold to the Panama commission of the United States government for service on the Pacific coast from North Pacific points to Panama. The deal has not yet been completed, but the two steamers, after being surveyed by a board appointed for that purpose, have been withdrawn, leaving but one steamer, the Minnesota, in the North Pacific service under the United States flag.

A new schedule has been issued for the service. The Craigvar which leaves Puget Sound on Aug. 20 is to be used to fill in until the schedule is arranged, the first sailing of the new service being arranged for Sept. 12.

The steamers of the fleet following the departure of the Craigvar will call at Victoria both inward and outward bound. There is no arrangement for the carriage of saloon passengers, steerage only being handled by the line.

The steamer Suveric which was in collision with the Portland and Asiatic liner Numantia was scheduled to leave Yokohama tomorrow and is due here, providing she is not delayed in consequence of the accident, on Aug. 30. The Kumerie is due Sept. 17, and the Inveric on Oct. 23. The schedule provides for the following sailings outbound from Victoria: Suveric, Sept. 18; Kumerie, Oct. 8; Yeddo, Oct. 23; Inveric, Nov. 18; Boveric, Dec. 9; Suveric, Dec. 30; Kumerie, Jan. 20; Yeddo, Feb. 10; Inveric, March 3; Boveric, March 24; Suveric, April 14; Kumerie, May 5; Yeddo, May 26; and Inveric, June 16.

There is a departure once every three weeks, and all steamers will run through to Manila, calling at the usual ports in the far east, and at the usual extra ports during the tea season.

The R. M. S. Empress of China, the next inbound Oriental liner, is expected to reach the outer wharf tomorrow from Hongkong via Woosung, Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama. The steamer Shinano Maru of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha which left Yokohama on Aug. 5, and is due here next Wednesday, has on board 22 passengers and 167 tons of general freight for this port.

STEAM SCHOONER'S ESCAPE

The Washington Struck Near Point Arena and Backed Off—Will Be Docked

The steam schooner Washington which arrived on Tuesday night at Astoria from San Francisco, encountered very thick weather coming up the coast and had a narrow escape from going on the beach. She left San Francisco Friday afternoon and soon after midnight ran into a dense fog. As the mate came on watch he began blowing the whistle, but soon heard an echo and almost immediately saw breakers on the starboard bow. Throwing the helm hard over, he gave the signal for full speed astern, but the vessel struck her nose on the sand and hung there for about ten minutes, when she was backed off. The accident occurred at 2.30 on Saturday morning and about nineteen miles below Point Arena. The steamer is not injured, but she will probably go in the drydock in Portland for examination.

SHIPPING DEPRESSION AT BRITISH PORTS

Portland Man Tells of Many Idle Vessels at British and Continental Ports

Tramp steamers and sailing vessels of every description are lying idle at the big ports across the Atlantic for the lack of business, according to C. F. Hagemann, general manager of the Shipping Supply company, who has just returned from a three months' European trip, says the Portland Telegram. He says there is more disengaged tonnage at Liverpool than there has been for years and ships are dropping in there every day to go out of commission.

The same condition prevails at other leading ports, notably at Bergen, Norway, where a great fleet of wind-sailers waits for a revival in trade. The owners have been unable to get outward freight for them at the lowest possible rate permitting of a profit. With this as the situation, they take the view that it would not pay them to send their craft to the Pacific coast, where freights for the return trip are also low. The prevailing rate for the transportation of wheat from

MARINE INTELLIGENCE

Special to the Colonist

Tatoosh, 8 a.m.—Rain, thick in strait, wind south, 9 miles an hour.

Tatoosh, noon—Passed in steamer Col. E. Drake, at noon.

Neh Bay, noon—Inward; three masted schooner and four-masted schooner, at 10 a.m.; too thick for identification.

Tatoosh, 6 p.m.—Cloudy, wind northeast, 24 miles an hour.

Tatoosh, 8 a.m.—Light rain, thick in strait. Bar, 30, temp. 50. No shipping.

Pachena, 8 a.m.—Heavy rain, light east wind. Bar, 29.92, temp. 50. No shipping.

Estevan, 8 a.m.—Cloudy, rain, calm. Bank of fog to seaward. Bar, 30.04, temp. 52. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Cape Lazo, 8 a.m.—Cloudy, light rain, wind southeast. Bar, 29.95, temp. 57. No shipping.

Point Grey, 8 a.m.—Cloudy and foggy, wind southeast. Bar, 29.94, temp. 57. No shipping.

Tatoosh, noon—Light rain, wind east, 15 miles an hour. Bar, 29.93, temp. 50. No shipping.

Estevan, noon—Partly cloudy, wind southeast. Bar, 30.06, temp. 58. No shipping.

Pachena, noon—Cloudy, wind east. Bar, 29.98, temp. 54. No shipping.

Cape Lazo, noon—Partly cloudy, wind southeast. Bar, 30, temp. 55. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Point Grey, 8 a.m.—Cloudy and foggy, wind southeast. Bar, 29.94, temp. 57. No shipping.

Tatoosh, 6 p.m.—Cloudy, rain, calm. Bank of fog to seaward. Bar, 30.04, temp. 52. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Estevan, 6 p.m.—Clear, wind northwest. Bar, 30.09, temp. 57. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Point Grey, 6 p.m.—Partly cloudy, calm, fog. Bar, 29.93, temp. 61. No shipping.

Cape Lazo, 6 p.m.—Part cloudy, calm, fog. Bar, 29.97, temp. 62. Sea smooth. Steamer Portland at Cape Mudge waiting to go into Seymour narrows.

JAPANESE SEALERS SENTENCED TO DEATH

Six of Crew of Seized Schooner Miye Maru to Be Executed

The Japanese sealing schooner Miye Maru continues to achieve notoriety and her crews to suffer for their wrong doings. The Miye Maru, as reported in these columns was seized on June 27 last by a Russian patrol cruiser for attempting to raid the Copper island rookery at the Kommandersof's islands in the North Pacific and the schooner was taken as a prize to Peteropavlovsk on the Kamchatka peninsula where Capt. Momura and his crew of 31 men were imprisoned. They were afterwards taken to Nikolayevsk, a Russian port at the mouth of the Amur river, which is under martial law and it is reported from St. Petersburg in a recent despatch that six of them have been condemned to death for attacking the Russian guard.

An appeal against the sentence of a court martial that they be executed for their attack on the guard has been made to the supreme military tribunal at St. Petersburg, and a St. Petersburg despatch says the case is now being considered. While the troops were conveying the prisoners through the streets of Nikolayevsk, the Japanese sailors objected to walking in the middle of the road, which is in accordance with the Russian regulations, and attacked the soldiers with stones and wounded several of them.

The town of Nikolayevsk is under martial law and the Japanese therefore tried by a military district court, six prisoners being condemned to death. The schooner Miye Maru was one of the two which took part in the fatality of June 16, 1905, at St. Paul Island, Bering sea, when five Japanese were killed and twelve wounded by Alaskan special policemen under command of Special Agent Lemley.

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THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, AUGUST
13 and 14

Mr. C. H. Kelr presents the New York
Favorito Comedienne

Grace Cameron
in
Little Dolly Dimples

THURSDAY

Mademoiselle Julia
FRIDAY

20—Great Song Hits—20

10—Big Advanced Vaudeville Acts—10

Supported by the Great Comedian

WILL PHILBECK

Summer Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

Box office opens 10 a. m., Tuesday,

August 11.

The New Grand

WEEK OF AUGUST 10.

DORSCH AND RUSSELL
In Their Latest Musico-Scenic
Novelty, Creation "The Mu-
sical Railroaders."

THE TWO DE COMAS
Aerobats, Globe Rolling and
Ground Tumbling.

MISS FLORENCE MODENA CO.
In Their Latest Farcelet Satire
"Bargain Mad."

MISS DOROTHY DAYNE
Comedienne, In Song and Story.
Miss Dayne will wear one of
the handsomest of the new Parisian
directoire, or sheath gowns.

FRED MORTON
Trick Harmonica Player, Finger
Whistler and Paper Mutilator.

NEW MOVING PICTURES
"The White Squaw."

OUR OWN ORCHESTRA
M. Nagel, Director.
"Cupid's Pleading" Waltz, com-
posed by Mr. Sam Good-
acre; ar. by M. Nagel.

A.O.U.W. Theatre

Week Commencing Monday, Aug. 10.

BURROUGHS STOCK CO.
Haddon Chambers Most Fascinating
Drama

"Captain Swift"

Evening Performance at 8:15. Matinees
Wednesday and Saturday. Popular
Prices, 15, 25, 35 and 50 cents. Matinee
Prices, 15 and 25 cents.

See the Whale Exhibition

At The Gorge

OPEN FROM 9 A.M. TO 10 P.M.

The largest on exhibit in the world.

Over 80 Feet in Length

PANTAGES THEATRE

All this Week
Unparalleled Vaudeville.

POLE AND POLE
Springboard Acrobats.

TRAINING AND DALE
Novelty Sketch.

BABY PATSEY
NORMAN HARDY

PIZZ-O-ZZY QUARTETTE.

HARRY DE VERA

PANTAGESCOPE.

Matinee Daily 10 Cents.

EMPEROR THEATRE

Government and Johnson Streets

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

MOVING PICTURES

A Letter in the Sand

When Father Goes to Market

Where's My Hair

A Prince's Idea

Work Made Easy

An Arabian Magician

A Winter Day in the Country

THE WATSON MUSICAL FAMILY

Plays selection at each performance

(Each Evening)

ILLUSTRATED SONG

Vocalist, Jack Trace

When Summer Tells Autumn Goodbye

Programme changed every Monday

and Thursday. Show daily, 2:00 to 5:30.

7:00 to 10:30. Admission 10 cents. Children's Matinee, Wednesday and Saturday, 5 cents.

NOTICE

RAYMOND & SONS

613 PANDORA STREET

New Designs and Styles in all
kinds of

Polished Oak Mantels

All Classes of

GRATES

English Enamel and American
Onyx Tiles.

Full line of all fireplace goods.

Lime, Portland Cement, Plaster
of Paris, Building and Fire
Brick, Fire Clay, etc., always on
hand.

Advertise in THE COLONIST

Mainland News

DELEGATES INSPECT IRRIGATION WORKS

View White Valley System and
Visit Lower Okanagan
Valley

Vernon, B.C., Aug. 12.—Delegates to
the irrigation convention were today
driven to inspect the White Valley
irrigation Company's dam at Coldstream
where all were entertained at lunch
by Mr. Ricardo.

A number have left for home, in-
cluding Chief Commissioner of Lands
and Works, but the majority remained
to take the trip of inspection down
Okanagan lake, which starts tomorrow
and will last till Saturday.

The visiting delegates are delighted
with the orchards of the district,
which are now loaded with fruit. This
evening the delegates are being en-
tertained at a banquet by the citizens
of Vernon.

DEFECTIVE COMMITMENT

Carelessness of Magistrate Cause of
Prisoner Being Set at Liberty
on Habeas Corpus

New Westminster, Aug. 12.—Owing to
the defects in the draft of com-
mitment prepared by a magistrate at
North Bend, a half-breed Indian, who
has served only a few days of a year's
sentence, is to be given his liberty.

Charley Florence, the prisoner, was
committed by Magistrate William
Dodd, of North Bend, on July 25, 1907,
for selling liquor to Indians in Camp
16.

Yesterday W. G. McQuarrie made
application to Justice Morrison for
a habeas corpus writ on behalf of
his client. Counsel has several ob-
jections to the commitment, but the
one setting forth that the magistrate
had not shown whether the offence
was committed within his jurisdiction
or not was sufficient for the court.

"There is not the slightest doubt
that this man should be in gaol and
kept there," said His Lordship, "but
the law lays down certain lines for
doing these things and magistrates
should be acquainted with them." Mr.
Myers Grey, appearing for the Crown,
said that the Crown had been taken
by surprise and he asked for a post-
ponement of the application. The court
replied that the manner in which some
magistrates did their work was no
doubt a source of trouble for the
Crown, but the papers were really very
defective and he would have to allow
the application. An order absolute
was accordingly granted and the half-
breed was liberated.

TELKWA DISTRICT

Mining Operator Jacobs Speaks Favor-
ably of Mineral Resources of
the Region

Vancouver, Aug. 12.—Roberts
Jacobs, a mining operator known
throughout the province, has returned
here after a tour through several new
mining districts in Northern British
Columbia. His mission was to ex-
amine various propositions which had
been submitted to a syndicate of Mon-
treal and New York capitalists which
he organized before leaving the East.

Mr. Jacobs spent most of his time
in the Telkwa district. He stated that
he was very favorably impressed with
the mining possibilities of that
region. He had examined some splen-
did copper and silver prospects but
only cared to speak in general terms
until he had reported to his associates.

Development work up north is only
in its infant stages and some years
will elapse before smelting and ship-
ping facilities are secured. Under
these circumstances only companies
with ample capital could hope to carry
out operations over a long period on
an extensive scale. He had no doubt
the Telkwa district was destined to
become a larger copper producer,
possibly larger than the Boundary dis-
trict, where he formerly operated. He
was also favorably impressed with the
splendid showings of coal.

Burnaby's Progress

Vancouver, Aug. 12.—Roberts
Jacobs, a mining operator known
throughout the province, has returned
here after a tour through several new
mining districts in Northern British
Columbia. His mission was to ex-
amine various propositions which had
been submitted to a syndicate of Mon-
treal and New York capitalists which
he organized before leaving the East.

Mr. Jacobs spent most of his time
in the Telkwa district. He stated that
he was very favorably impressed with
the mining possibilities of that
region. He had examined some splen-
did copper and silver prospects but
only cared to speak in general terms
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trict, where he formerly operated. He
was also favorably impressed with the
splendid showings of coal.

INCREASING UTILITY OF THE SUEZ CANAL

Thirteen Million Gross Tons of British
Shipping Passed Through the
Waterway Last Year

The increasing utility of the Suez
canal is the text of an article by Ship-
ping Illustrated, which says: "In No-
vember, 1869, the Suez canal was
thrown open to the world shipping,
and the genius of Dr. Lessopus was
thereby rendered imperishable, for
nothing succeeds like success. A con-
siderable crowd were present at the
inauguration of this narrow water-
way, but very few of those men of
light and leading devoted a moment's
thought to the humble workers with-
out whose infinitely cheap labor the
talent and energy of France's eminent
engineer would have been in vain. The
Khedive Ismail was there, of course,
with a gorgeous yacht which was a
potential object-lesson in the results of
a groaning people's taxation and the
growing good will of the money mar-
kets of Europe. The palatial craft
headed the advancing fleet on the
opening day, and was closely followed
by the then Empress Eugenie, soon
to be an exile from France. The Em-
peror Francis Joseph of Austria, the
Crown Prince of Prussia, afterwards
Kaiser Friedrich, and other notables,
were well in evidence. All along the
canal the new Haroun-al-Rashid
caused attractions to spring up by the
aid of a magic wand in the shape of a
quill pen busily occupied at odd
moments in putting his signature upon
promises to pay. Within a few years
the Khedive had been sent off with his
gripsack and Napoleon was not only
disgraced but also dead. England started
with cursing the enterprise. She remained
to pray, or at any rate to become a big shareholder
in the concern and its customer.

The annual report of the Suez
Canal company for 1907 marks a fur-
ther advance in the traffic, although
there was not anything exceptional
to account for this progress. More
ships are using the route, and the
average tonnage of each is greater.

In 1907 the total movement was
4,267 vessels of nearly 21 million tons
gross; in 1906 it was 3,975 vessels of
about 19 million tons gross, and in
1905 it was 4,116 vessels of 18 million tons
gross approximately. Great Britain
was easily first! Of the total tonnage in 1907 not fewer than
2,651 vessels of 13 million gross tons
were British, and these numbers are

in excess of the corresponding values
in either of the two preceding years.

The percentages of the respective
flags carried out on the basis of the
tonnage tonnage under each which pass-
es through the canal during the year
are worthy of close consideration.

The British flag is credited with 67 per
cent of the tonnage of the whole, Germany 16,

France 6, the Dutch 4, Austria 3,

Japan and Russia each 2, and the re-
maining flags all have less than 2 per
cent.

There were a few vessels under the
flags of Italy, Denmark, Turkey, Spain,
Norway, Greece, Sweden, United States,
Belgium, China, Egypt, Portugal and
Siam, which also used the canal, but their total is

little more than at negligible quantity.

Possession, according to a proverb

consecrated by time, is nine points of

the law, and to say the least, the
English shipowner appears to have an
unassisted hold on the Suez canal trade.

Petroleum carrying ships were long
tabooed by the canal authorities,

the restriction was removed in April

1907, and 26 vessels of 11,019 net
tons availed themselves of the opportunity

thus afforded in the ensuing

nine months of the year. Ships grow

larger from year to year. In depth as

well as in width; they require to mas-

terigate by night and not only by day,

and the canal company devote a large

amount of capital to meeting these

natural innovations.

Improvement works are continually

under way both for deepening and widen-

ing the water space for shipping, new basins

to be constructed for petroleum car-

riers and collars, and a whole host of

similar items have been dealt with

along the canal in order to satisfy the

ever increasing requirements of the

world's shipping industry in its ef-

orts to ensure safety and rapidity in

the ocean carrying trade.

Since 1900 the transit by merchant

shipping of all sorts and conditions

showed a gain of nearly 1% million

tons in 1907, or an increase of

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40 Government Street

LIMITED

Victoria, B.C.

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Dallas Road—Large modern dwelling with two lots, beautifully situated. Will be sold at a reasonable price as the owner is leaving the country.
 Dallas Road—8-roomed modern dwelling and nearly half an acre of ground, only \$7,000.
 \$4,500—Will purchase a 9-roomed dwelling with large lot (first story brick) fruit trees, etc., handy to street car.
 \$3,150—modern 10-roomed dwelling centrally situated on a good corner, bargain.
 \$4,000—8-roomed house with cement basement and 2 lots, new stable, etc., a few fruit trees. Off Oak Bay avenue, easy terms.
 \$3,500—Good two-storey house in James Bay with lot 54 x 120, nicely situated with a good view. Bargain.
 \$2,100—6-roomed two-storey house and lot on Hillside avenue, with side entrance. Easy terms.
 \$2,300—2-storey house on Second Street with all modern conveniences and in good repair. Easy terms.
 \$2,000—1½-storey dwelling, centrally located, only one block from car line, very easy terms.
 \$1,900—New modern cottage and corner lot, 50 x 107, just off Oak Bay Ave.—1-3 cash, balance \$25 per month at 7 per cent.
 \$300—Lot Victoria West, close to school.
 \$450—We have four lots at \$450 each; high and dry, nicely situated, just off Oak Bay avenue. Terms easy.
 \$1,900—Six-roomed cottage in good condition, with corner lot, close to car line. Can be had on terms.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN—PHOENIX OF LONDON.

HOUSES AND LOTS.

\$600—Lot Victoria West, handy to street car and school.
 \$525—Lot Dallas Road—with good view of the Straits.
 FARMS AND ACREAGE
 Fruit farm, Gordon Head, 10 acres, water and road frontage, first-class orchard in full bearing, also small fruits; house, barn, etc., \$7,000. A bargain.
 2,000 acres timber, mineral and agricultural lands, crown granted and only \$5.25 per acre.
 Lasqueti Island, sheep ranch, containing over 2,000 acres, house, barns and a large number of sheep, \$20,000.
 Prospect Lake, 89 acres with large frontage on the lake, good house, barns, etc. Partly cleared, nearly all good land, some excellent timber, \$4,800.
 Kokslah River, 65 acres, 20 cleared, good 6-room house, water laid on close to stores and school, \$4,500.
 Gordon Head, first-class fruit farm, containing 10 acres, best of soil, all under cultivation, strawberries and fruit trees, first class house.
 Pender Island, 60 acres of good wild land, timbered, on main road, 1 1/2 miles from wharf and school, \$20 per acre.
 Cowichan Bay, 50 acres very close to water front, \$500.
 Metchosin, 100 acres of wild land with good swamp of cedar, etc., \$1,000.
 Galiano Island, 232 acres, partly under cultivation, 9-roomed dwelling, barn, orchard of 200 bearing trees, 2 good bays, 1-3 million feet good timber. Will also sell live stock, implements, etc. Price \$5,000.

A SUBURBAN HOME INCOME PRODUCING

Five and one-fifth acres, all good soil and under cultivation, Cedar Hill Cross Road, 2 3/4 miles from City Hall

SIX-ROOMED MODERN DWELLING

50 fruit trees in bearing, well of good water.

Furniture, Horse, Buggy, Plow, Harrows, Chickens and Cow.

Easy terms. **\$5,000.00** Easy terms.

(192)

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6 lots left (out of 18) between Cook and Vancouver on Prendergast Street. Lots 135 feet deep. Less than 10 minutes from Post Office. Several new buildings going up. Sewer going down. Cement sidewalks going down. Car line goes by. Price is still

\$500 Each

\$100 Down and \$50 Quarterly

Pemberton & Son - - - 625 Fort Street

Farm Near Chemainus

Fifty acres, one mile from Chemainus station. Six acres under cultivation, 34 acres slashed and seeded down, ten acres timber. Running stream through property, land is rich yellow loam that will grow anything. Orchard containing 450 fruit trees. Half an acre onions, acre-and-a-half of potatoes, one acre oats, 200 rhubarb plants, 150 Logan berry plants, a quantity of strawberry plants and other small fruits. Greenhouse 36x25 with heating apparatus complete, containing tomatoes.

Three-room house, new, lined with fir. Stock goes with property and consists of mare and colt, 2 cows, about 100 chickens and two pigs. This is a splendid chance for a man of small means to get into a good living right away. Splendid shooting and fishing all around the farm. Sea only half a mile away and good river fishing close at hand. Price only \$5,750. Terms can be arranged.

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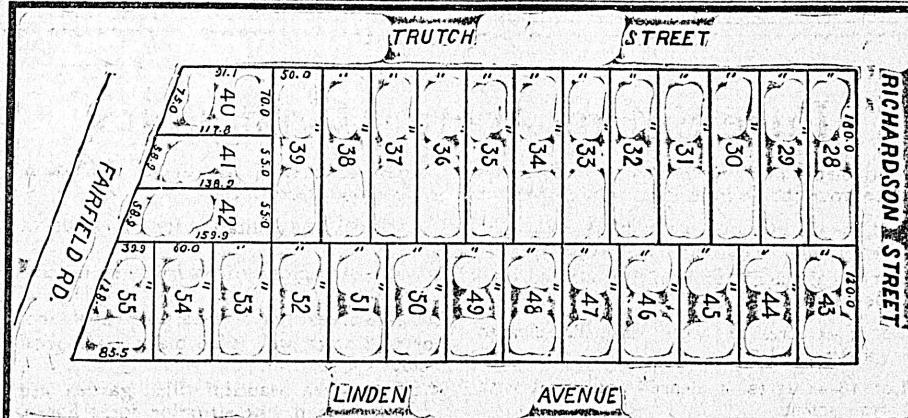
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This beautiful old Homestead, with magnificent Oak Trees, Shrubbery, Fruit Trees and Lawns, has been subdivided. The property stands high, with commanding views, and there are no finer residence sites on the market.

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Standing in grounds of about 1 1/4 acres.

Handsome trees and shrubbery.

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cash; balance at 6%

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Gordon Head Fruit Farm

Ten Acres on Water Front, Cottage and Barns
Matured Orchard of 500 trees.

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FOR PRICES AND TERMS

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TELEPHONE
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FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres of land with over half a mile FRONTAGE ON COWICHAN RIVER, within a quarter of a mile from DUNCANS STATION. About six acres under cultivation, balance easily cleared, small cottage, which could be added to if necessary.

This property can be had at a reasonable figure, and would make an ideal country home, being close to railway, post office, etc. The shooting and fishing on the property and in the surrounding neighborhood is exceptionally good.

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Lot 1—5½ acres beautiful black loam garden and fruit land, suitable for all kinds of small and large fruits and vegetables.

Lot 2—3½ acres of beautiful cleared garden land.

Lot 3—3 acres of well drained, cleared garden land.

Lot 18—4 acres of cleared fruit land with fine spring.

Lot 18A—6 acres cleared fruit land, fine situation.

Lot 4—8 acres, fine cleared, cultivated land.

Lot 5—8 acres well tilled black loam, good slope.

Lot 6—7 acres beautiful tilled garden and poultry ranch, fine situation for a house.

The above properties are situated in the famous Colquitz valley, 3 1/4 miles from the centre of the city and are surrounded by beautiful well kept suburban homes where people are making money out of fruit, poultry and vegetables and living a comfortable and independent life—No other land in this vicinity can be bought for less than from \$400 to \$1,000 per acre.

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Corner of South Turner and Rithet, 100x112 ft., fenced, and cement walks on both sides. This would make an ideal site for a fine home or for a builder to put some cottages on, surrounded by choice residences, close to the park, beach and cars and one of the last large corners in James Bay.

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T. P. McCONNELL

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Russell Street, 1 lot, 60x120.....	\$425	60x130.....	\$500
Walnut Street, 1 lot, 45x130.....	\$400	Lee Avenue, Victoria West, 1 lot, 60x120.	
Haughton Street, 1 lot, 60x120.....	\$450	Head Street, 60x120.....	\$500
Chambers Street, 1 lot, 56x120.....	\$425	Constance Avenue, 60x120.....	\$500
David Street, 1 lot, 60x120.....	\$450	Collingwood Avenue, 60x120.....	\$500
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(a) Two good lots, close in, near car line, at a bargain.

(b) An acre of land, with small house, suitable for chicken ranch.

(c) A property somewhat out of repair, in part payment for a good house in Oak Bay district.

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FOR SALE—Southdown sheep, purebred and registered rams. Address A. T. Watt, P.O. Box 799, Victoria. Jy26

FOR SALE—Gasoline launch, 18 ft. by 4 ft. 6 in. beam, equipped with a 3 hp. motor. Apply F. Clyde, 2003 Quadra Street. Jy26

FOR SALE—500 cords wood, 5 miles out. Box 64 Colonist. Jy26

FOR SALE—Lease and fixtures of Ogilvie Hardware Co. Apply on premises. Jy26

FOR SALE—Billiard and pool tables, bar fixtures, cigar fixtures, bowling alleys, billiard and bowling supplies. Large stock always on hand. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 652 Beatty Street, Vancouver, B.C. Jy21

FOR SALE—Gasoline launch, 18 ft. by 4 ft. 6 in. beam, equipped with a 3 hp. motor. Apply F. Clyde, 2003 Quadra Street. Jy26

FOR SALE—Well matched team of pony mares; young, sound, well broken. Can be bought on time. E. S. Andrews, 1237 Sunnyside, Craigflower Road. Jy26

FOR SALE—Billiard and pool tables, bar fixtures, cigar fixtures, bowling alleys, billiard and bowling supplies. Large stock always on hand. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 652 Beatty Street, Vancouver, B.C. Jy21

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Births, Marriages, Deaths

BORN

ROBERTSON—At Victoria, on the 11th inst., the wife of Alastair L. Robertson, B.C.L.S., of a son—still-born.

JAMIESON—At 803 King's Road, on the 11th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jamieson, twin sons. All well.

BEVAN-PRITCHARD—On the 11th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. Bevan-Pritchard, a son. Foreign paper please copy.

DEEDS

HOWIE—In this city, on the 9th inst., Archibald Howie, (late of Cowichan), a native of Haddingtonshire, Scotland, aged 68 years.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, August 12, at 1 p.m. from the parlors of the B. C. Funeral Furnishing Co., 1016 Government street.

Friends will please accept this intimation.

THOMSON—At his residence, South Saanich, on August 11, 1908, William Thomson, aged 78 years, a native of Forfarshire, Scotland.

The funeral will take place on Friday at 2 p.m., from the residence and later at St. Stephen's church cemetery. Saanich carriages will leave the parlors of the B. C. Funeral Furnishing Co., at 10 a.m.

Friends will please accept this intimation.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS
(Too Late for Classification)

TWENTY ACRES on Somesos Lake, one mile from Duncans, majority cultivated; fine house with furnace, outbuildings, water laid on, good duck shooting, fishing; easy terms. Box X, Duncans.

FOR SALE—Mason & Risch piano, almost new and in good condition, for sale cheap. Apply 1004 Pemberton Road. a13

CANARIES—50 for sale, half price to clear; also young chickens. 1288 Gladstone Ave., Spring Ridge. a13

LOST—Gold curb bracelet. Phone No. 988. a13

FOR SALE—4-year-old cow, three months in; good milker. Cor. Lampson and Craigflower. a13

FURNISHED ROOMS to let, with breakfast or use of kitchen; also double room, suitable for two. 1305 Fort St., corner Moss. Phone 1143. a13

TO LET—Two front rooms, unfurnished, suit married couple; would furnish to suit; 10 minutes to P. O., one minute to car. 267, Colonist. a13

ALLEN & SON, Yates St., have forty lots on the new car line on May street for sale; must be sold in ten days; price \$225 to \$550. Buy now and get the best. a13

FRENCH DRESSMAKING by Mme. Vito, late of Paris. 1348 Grant St. a13

TWO unfurnished rooms on car line with use of bath. 1967 Oak Bay Ave. a13

LOST—Irish setter bitch. Flinder please phone A-1243. Anyone harboring same will be prosecuted. a13

CHILDREN'S NURSE returning to England, September, would give her services to children or invalid in return for passage or part; excellent references. Address Mrs. Hincks, Cowichan Bay. a13

TO LET—For six months, handsomely furnished eight-roomed house on car line, near park and sea. Apply Advertiser, care P. O. Box 213, Victoria. a13

COUNTRY HOME WANTED—We want one or two nice homes within easy distance of Victoria for eastern customers. Give full particulars with kind of house, new or old, and amount of land. Herbert Cuthbert & Co., 616 Fort St. a13

WE would like persons with savings bank deposits to call upon us. Herbet Cuthbert & Co. a13

WANTED—Helper with some experience. Apply J. T. Legg, Golden West Bakery, Cook St. a13

GRANITE AND MARBLE WORKS

Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices consistent with first class stock and workmanship.

A. STEWART
Cor. Yates and Blanchard Sts.

Sempre
Giovine

(ALWAYS YOUNG)

Why not obtain a youthful complexion by use of this Queen of Face Beautifiers? It contains no glycerine—neither a balm nor a cream—but a combination of pure vegetable oils. The celebrated Marietta Stanley preparation, 50c per box at

HALL'S
Central Drug Store

N. E. Corner Yates and Douglas,
VICTORIA, B. C.

WE SELL THE EARTH

DRURY & MACGURN

34 GOVERNMENT ST.

\$2,000 will buy full sized corner lot, cottage and stable, one block from car. Small payment down, good garden and fruit. Pays 10 per cent on cost.

Lots close to new car line, \$400, \$100 cash, balance monthly. Will sell for \$600 in few months.

FUNERAL NOTICE

Court Victoria, A. O. F.

The members of above Court are requested to meet at 2632 Blanchard street on Thursday, Aug. 13th at 2 p.m. for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Bro. C. E. Thomas.

Members of other courts and visiting brothers are invited to attend.

J. TAG, C. R. C.

W. NOBLE, Secretary.

Advertise in THE COLONIST

ANOTHER WING FOR
THE EMPRESS HOTELMore Accommodation Required
and Construction of Addition Contemplated

The accommodation of the Empress hotel is considered inadequate to meet the ever-increasing demand, and it is expected that the big new hotel will be augmented at an early date. This will be done by the construction of another wing, provision having been made for such an addition by the architect in drafting the original design of the handsome structure, as C.P.R. officials were of the opinion that it would not be long before the hotel, as it stands, would be unable to satisfactorily take care of its patrons.

The new building, it is said, could be completed within six months, and would be, of course, of the same architectural design as has been adopted, and would place another one hundred large and commodious sleeping apartments at the disposal of the management.

One in authority, conversing yesterday afternoon, affirmed that more rooms were urgently required. The hotel was being kept filled from day to day, despite the fact that the season had been spoken of as slack from a tourist standpoint. As the company had foreseen that the addition would be needed sooner or later, he thought they would not hesitate to take prompt action when it was ascertained that their anticipations were sooner realized than, perhaps, they had expected. However, there was nothing definite to announce. In all probability the matter would be decided after the president, Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, paid his regular annual fall trip to Victoria.

The foundations and basement of the proposed new wing are already constructed.

PERSONAL MENTION

Mr. H. S. Pratt, of New York, is on a visit to Victoria for a short time. Miss Knox, from Toronto, is visiting Victoria.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Hyde of Tacoma, are spending a few days in the city. Mr. V. Percy Smith of London, is in Victoria spending a few days.

Mrs. Beanlands left yesterday for a trip to eastern Canada en route for Europe.

Mrs. A. F. Eagon left for a visit to Banff Hot Springs on Tuesday evening.

Col. Davison, from England, and Mr. A. D. Shore, of Guelph, are again spending a few days at the Empress hotel.

Mrs. J. R. James, from Virginia, is staying in the city, where she is having an enjoyable visit and is a guest at the Empress.

Mr. and Mrs. Ora Allen, of Seattle, who have been spending a few weeks in Victoria, left yesterday en route to Denver.

Mrs. W. G. McCord and Mrs. J. R. and the Misses Sharp, of Portland, and the Misses Martin, of Vancouver, are spending a short time in Victoria and are registered at the Empress.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Shonk, Mrs. McAlamey and Miss McAlamey, Mrs. S. D. Stevens and Forest G. Stevens, of Plymouth, Pa., and Mr. F. L. Garrison, of Cincinnati, are all on a visit to Victoria and are guests at the Empress.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Cuthbert & Co., 616 Fort St. a13

COUNTRY HOME WANTED—We want one or two nice homes within easy distance of Victoria for eastern customers. Give full particulars with kind of house, new or old, and amount of land. Herbert Cuthbert & Co., 616 Fort St. a13

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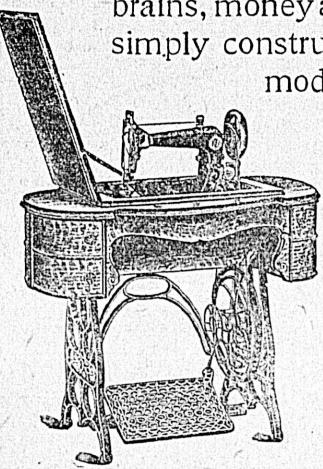
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W

Many Odd Lots on Sale Friday

Special Demonstration of the Spencer Sewing Machines for Today

Many that have tried and are using the Spencer Sewing Machines can testify to their merits, but for the benefit of those to whom the machines and their good qualities are unknown, we will today have demonstrations by an expert in the sewing machine business. These machines represent the very best that brains, money and experience can produce. They have stood the test for many years; they will last a lifetime, they are easy running, simply constructed, and slight; made of the best materials, in the best possible manner. These features, with the extremely moderate prices at which they are sold, make them ideal machines. If you don't want a machine now, just have a look at these any way, you may need one some day, and it would be well to know where you can get the best at the lowest price. They will be shown on the Second Floor.



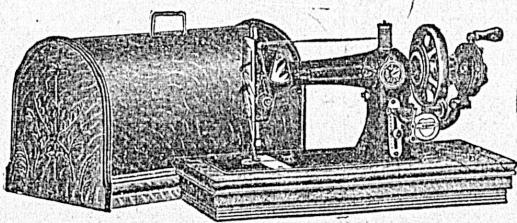
The Spencer No. 44. Price \$30.75

A better machine than this one cannot be built at any price. It embodies all the improvements applied to sewing machines in the last quarter of a century, and is fully equal to any machine on the market.



The Spencer No. 24. Price \$28.75

This machine is one of the none-better make, and has all the modern improvements, noiseless, easy running, tool steel parts, ball bearing stand and automatic belt replacer are some of the features.



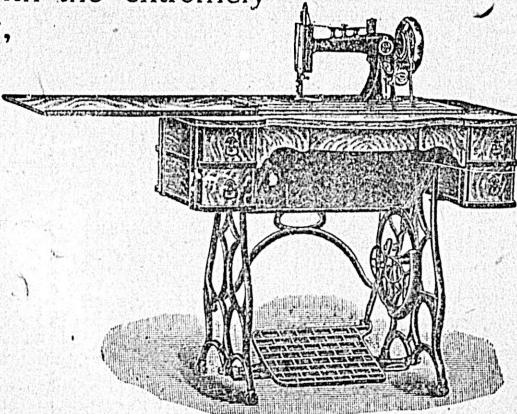
The Spencer Hand Machine. Price \$15.00

The machine is a wonder for the price. Has the latest triple-action hand gearing. Will do similar work to foot-power machine. Fitted with self-threading shuttle and automatic bobbin winder. Guaranteed for five years. Made with walnut base and bent walnut cover. Made of only the best materials in the best possible manner.



The Spencer Vindex. Price \$23.75

This machine is one of the best values. How such a good one can be made to sell at this price is a marvel. Everything that is new in the machine line is embodied in this model. It is a hard one to beat.



The Spencer Paveway. Price \$17.50

A wonderful machine this one, when the price is considered, and it is fitted with all the newest labor-saving devices and practical conveniences, such as tension release, automatic bobbin winder, positive feed, new style take-up and self-threading shuttle. The cabinet is built of oak and the stand is light and very strong.

Friday Will be 25c Day in the Women's Underwear Dept.

To make room for new stock we will clean up a number of odd lines and broken sizes in Women's Undervests, Combinations, Corset Covers and Drawers. No such values have been offered at this price this season, not even during our great sale last month. Come prepared to see extraordinary bargains. You will not be disappointed.

75¢ Natural Wool Undervests 25¢ WOMEN'S NATURAL WOOL UNDERVERSTS, very fine and soft, just the thing for wearing as the weather gets cooler. Reg. price 75¢. Friday 25¢

75¢ and \$1.00 Combinations 25¢ WOMEN'S COMBINATIONS, fine lisle and cotton, some lace trimmed, knee length, reg. prices 75¢ and \$1.00. Friday 25¢

40¢ to 65¢ Corset Covers, 25¢ WOMEN'S CORSET COVERS, fine ribbed cotton, long and short sleeves, good quality well finished, regular prices 40¢ to 65¢. Friday 25¢

35¢ to \$1.00 Undervests 25¢ WOMEN'S UNDERVERSTS, cotton, lisle and silk and lisle, long sleeves, short sleeves, sleeveless. Some trimmed with washing lace, others with crocheted trimmings and silk ribbon. Different weights and sizes and some of the best underwear we have ever offered at this price, regular 35¢ to \$1.00 qualities, Friday 25¢

40¢ and 50¢ Drawers for 25¢ WOMEN'S DRAWERS, fine ribbed cotton, some lace trimmed, lines that sold for 40¢ and 50¢, on sale Friday 25¢

at

The Balance of Our 25c and 35c Summer Muslins at 5c

Even if you don't want to make up another muslin dress this year, there is next summer to look forward to, and this offering should interest you. The final clearance of the balance of our summer muslins takes place on Friday at this price, cheaper than the cheapest print, and yet some very choice muslins are included. It seems a pity to sell them at this price, we never carry over goods of this kind from one season to another, that is the reason why we always have the newest and best, and that is the reason why you can buy 25c and 35c muslins on Friday at 5c

Clearance of Men's \$1.50 and \$1.75 Shirts at 75¢

A clearance of Men's Shirts of all kinds, outing and tennis shirts, fancy cashmere shirts, soft outing shirts, in white, fine flannel shirts, and a big assortment of fancy print shirts in pleated bosoms and other styles in all colorings and designs. Regular prices \$1.50 and \$1.75. Friday 75¢

A Sale of Samples of Fall Wearables for Men

Men's \$18.00 to \$20.00 Suits for \$13.75 Men's \$12.50 to \$17.50 Overcoats for \$9.75

These samples are the complete selling line of a large Eastern manufacturer, one of the best in the business. All these garments are the very newest styles, made up on the latest ideas that give the distinctive, clear cut smartness that every well dressed man desires. They are, of course, made only of the very newest and most up-to-date cloths. It is a well known fact that sample garments are always finished with the greatest possible care. This particular line of garments are always perfectly tailored and these samples have a finish and style that cannot be excelled by even the best custom work.

New Fall Suits, worth \$18.00 to \$20.00, for \$13.75

These suits are made up in both single and double-breasted styles, the double-breasted effects predominating. They are cut with long lapels, now considered absolutely correct, also with the new cuffs. The cloths used are the very newest, principally dark colorings. Some very pretty effects, mainly in the brown shades. Being samples the assortment is exceedingly varied. Regular \$18.00 to \$20.00 Suits. Friday and Saturday \$13.75

New Fall Overcoats, worth \$12.50 to \$17.50 for \$9.75

In this large and varied assortment will be found coats of all kinds and styles. They are of the favorite Chesterfield and fall length styles, and are made up in the best cravettes and a handsome assortment of fancy tweeds. Remember these are samples, insuring the most perfect making and finish. Regular \$12.50 to \$17.50 Overcoats, Friday and Saturday \$9.75



Furniture Bargains for Friday

Everybody is enthusiastic concerning the values offered in our Furniture Sale. There is no doubt whatever about the values being among the best, if not the very best, that we have ever offered. It is easy enough to make a statement like this in an advertisement, but we can back up every word of it with the bargains we can show you in our Furniture Showrooms on the third floor.

\$70.00 Cheval Dressing Bureau and Washstand \$50.00

CHEVAL DRESSING BUREAU and WASHSTAND to match, very handsome colonial design in the mahogany. Bureau has oval mirror 48 inches by 20 inches, between two pedestals of five drawers each. Regular price \$70.00. Friday special at \$50.00

\$75.00 Bureau and Washstand \$60.00

MAHOGANY BUREAU and WASHSTAND to match, bureau, Duchess style, with four small drawers on one side and four larger ones on opposite side, bevel mirror 46 in. by 21 in., one long drawer forming base. Reg. \$75.00. Friday \$60.00

\$57.50 Drawingroom Suite, Friday \$32.50

DRAWING ROOM SUITE of five pieces, upholstered in green tapestry. Suite comprises 1 settee, 1 arm chair, 1 rocker, 2 reception chairs, finished in the birch mahogany. Regular value \$57.50. Friday \$32.50

\$4.50 Bedroom Chair \$2.55

BEDROOM CHAIR, made of solid birch mahogany with caned seat, regular price \$5.00. Special Friday at \$2.65

\$5.00 Mahogany Rockers \$2.65

BEDROOM ROCKERS, made of birch mahogany, with caned seats, Colonial design, regular price \$5.00. Friday \$2.65

\$5.00 Bedroom Rockers \$2.65

BEDROOM ROCKERS, solid quarter-cut golden oak bedroom rockers, with box seat caned, regular price \$5.00. Friday \$2.65

Final Clearance of Women's Blouses

A final cleaning up of all our odd sizes and blouses that are slightly soiled or mussed in handling. Some splendid bargains are to be had by acting promptly and getting first choice, many of the lines being ones that we have only two or three left and we have cut the prices in the most emphatic manner. Women's Blouses in muslins, both plain and spotted in the lingerie and tailored styles, also soft finish piques in the tailored styles, many sold for \$2.50 and \$2.75. Choice Friday at \$1.00

Final Clearance of Women's Wash Skirts

We still have a few washing skirts that we have marked at these "hurry out" prices. We will have plenty of days yet that they can be worn and they will keep until next year anyway. These are nearly all in white linen, although some have colored figures, their prices would not pay for the materials alone, not considering the making.

Values up to \$2.50
Friday \$1.45

Values up to \$3.75
Friday \$1.90

Values up to \$5.50
Friday \$2.90

\$24.00 Dressing Bureau \$14.75

PRINCESS DRESSING BUREAU, in the golden oak, mirror 36 in. x 16 in., regular price \$24.00. Friday \$14.75

\$45.00 Bureau and Washstand \$30.00
BUREAU and WASHSTAND, mahogany, British plate mirror 33 in. x 30 in., regular price \$45.00. Friday \$30.00

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.